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FRIDAY FEB. 3rd.
ONE NIGHT ONLY.
CARL S. HASWIN,
And His Superb Company, in a grand new production of
THE SILVER KING!
With all the magnificent Scenery. Entirely new. Including the great double stage and revolving scenes.
Curtain Rises Promptly at 8:15.
Prices, 25c to $1.00.
Seats Thursday at 10 O'clock.

OVERCOATS, Fall and Winter Styles.
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NEW STYLES IN Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats.
All Our Own Make.
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THE NEED OF THE HOUR

Is the Repeal of the Sherman Silver Bill,

So Says President-elect Cleveland, Who is Interviewed on the Subject.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2—"To repeal the Sherman silver law is the great necessity of the hour." So said President-elect Cleveland to a United Press representative. "While I am naturally averse to being interviewed," Mr. Cleveland continued, "my conviction on this subject is so deep and my feelings concerning it are so strong that I am willing you should quote what I say. Possibly this direct and authorized expression from me will encourage our republican friends in congress to stand out against repeal, but I hope not. This is not a party question and should be considered from the standpoint of the common good and not from that of party advantage. Continuance of the silver purchasing operations made mandatory by the Sherman law is a menace to the business and financial interests of the country. I am not yet without hope that this law will be repealed by the present congress. Whatever influence I have is being exerted to that end. The date at which the repeal should become operative is immaterial save that the sooner the better. I am not yet ready to express my opinion as to what should be done in case the present congress fails to repeal the Sherman law. I am unwilling to believe that motives arising from the fancied possibility of party advantage will be permitted to prevent repeal during the term of this congress."

"When you go to Washington next month, Mr Cleveland," suggested the reporter, "you will find many questions of great public importance confronting you."

"It is not the large questions that I am afraid of," replied Mr. Cleveland, "but the multitude of small questions which will be sandwiched in between them. With the assistance of the best men in public life it will not be so very difficult to determine the wisest course to be pursued concerning the important matters. The trouble is that many men who could give valuable assistance persist in devoting their energies and in asking me to devote mine to matters which, in comparison, are trivial. There are, for instance, men who evince more interest in the filling of petty offices than in saving the country from the menace from the Sherman law."

FOUR NEGROES HANGED.

Judge Lynch Pronounces Sentence, the Mob Does the Rest.

The Darkies Were Supposed to be Guilty of Murdering Two Country Merchants.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 2—Further particulars of the Tazwell court house lynching are as follows: As previously reported, two white men, named A. Ratcliffe and Ben Shortridge, on their way to buy goods, were waylaid Monday night, and fatally wounded. Ratcliffe and Shortridge were country merchants, who had come to Richmond, their nearest railway station, for goods for their trade. They were supposed to have considerable money. When night approached they tied their horses, built a fire, and prepared to spend the night in their wagons. Yesterday morning their dead bodies were discovered each in a pool of blood. Suspicion pointed to four negroes as being the murderers. A crowd immediately gathered and searching parties were sent out. The first of the four arrested was Jerry Brown, and after satisfactory evidence as to his guilt had been obtained a rope was placed around his neck and he was soon dangling from the limb of a tree. Later in the day the other three, Spencer Branch, John Johnson and Sam Ellerson, were arrested by the county officials and the officers started with their prisoners in a roundabout way for the court house. Meanwhile, news of the murder had reached Buchanan county, where the murdered men resided, and a mob was immediately organized and started posts haste towards Richlands to avenge the murder. This party, upon reaching Richlands and learning of the route taken by the officers with the prisoners, pursued and overtook them, forcibly took charge of the three negroes and swung them up in short order. The mob is said to be pursuing two other negroes suspected of complicity in the crime. The greatest excitement prevails.

GUILTY OF CANNIBALISM

Three Sailors Murder and Eat the Flesh of a Comrade.

They Were Starving and Cast Lots to See Who Shall Die That the Others May Live.

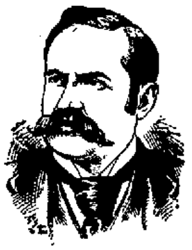
HAMBURG, Feb. 2—Three of the seamen of the Norwegian ship Thekla, from Philadelphia, who were rescued by the Danish bark Herman, after enduring terrible sufferings on the foundering of the vessel, have been arrested on a charge of murder, the charge being based on their own confession, that they killed and ate a sailor of the ship in order to save themselves from death by starvation. The sailor was a Dutchman and the starving men drew lots as to who should die, the lot falling upon the victim twice in succession. Then the others fell upon and strangling him, devoured his flesh. The three men arrested are Norwegians and their names are Anderson, Jacobsen and Johansen. Their case is not without precedent, the mate of a wrecked vessel having been tried some years ago in England on the charge of murdering a cabin boy, whom the mate, while afloat in an open boat in the Indian ocean and having been without a food for several days, killed and partly ate, thus saving his own life. In that instance the accused went unpunished. There seems to be no definite rule or law on the subject so far as the courts are concerned, the person guilty of cannibalism being put on his defense to show by the circumstances of the peculiar case that the act was the result of supreme necessity. The arrests were made at Cux Haven. Much sympathy is felt for the unfortunate men, who are still in a very weak condition. They can hardly yet be considered sane and talk in an incoherent manner.

HAWAIIAN COMMISSION.

They Will Pass Through Fort Wayne at 4:20 Today.

Every Man of Them is for Annexation to the United States if That is Obtainable.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—The Hawaiian commission, with Chairman Loring A. Thurston at its head, arrived in this



city some three hours behind schedule time today and at once arranged for accommodation on the Pennsylvania limited for transportation to Washington and are now flying on their way to the national capital.

There was a conference of the commissioners in the drawing room of the sleeper shortly after breakfast this morning regarding the plan to be pursued on arriving at Washington and it was decided to seek an interview with Secretary of State Foster and to present to him the certificate of authority issued by the provisional government before asking for an audience with President Harrison.

It was held that this would be more in accord with diplomatic usage than any other course. On the Wisconsin border the party was joined by a reporter of the United Press. A majority of the commissioners had pretty well talked themselves hoarse since arriving in this country and accordingly Commissioner Castle, who had been doing the listening on the trip, was designated as spokesman.

He said that the commissioners had so far formulated no policy, preferring to wait until the executive branch of the United States government had expressed itself. "Every man of us," said Mr. Castle, "is an annexationist pure and simple. We want annexation if it can possibly be procured. If not, then we must be satisfied with a protectorate, if it is obtainable."

"We have no plans regarding our return home. We propose to stay in Washington until our mission is successful or until it has proven so absolute a failure that it will be useless to stay longer. We do not look for this latter alternative.

"We believe that the people of the United States are with us and that the national sentiment is such as to ensure us some sure and lasting identification with this country. As I have said, we have our own predilections, but we will not urge them too forcibly if the sentiment of administration is favorable to a protectorate."

"I do not believe that any attempt at a restoration will be made during our absence," said Mr. Castle, in response to a suggestion. "In fact I might say there is no danger whatever of it.

"We are in possession of all the arms that the government was known to control. And yet I can hardly say that for I have a private opinion that they had more arms than we knew of and that they had them well concealed."

The party will pass through this city on the Keystone, which is due here at 4:20 o'clock.

FOUR MEN LOST.

It is Thought They Have Been Frozen to Death.

CHEBOYGAN, Mich., Feb. 2—This town is all worked up over the fate of four prominent young men who left to fish through the ice in the straits yesterday. When a team went for them at 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon not a trace of the men could be found. A searching party will go out again soon. It is below zero and it is thought the missing men have been frozen to death.

LATER.

CHEBOYGAN, Mich., Feb. 2—The party of four lost on the ice last night turned up about midnight having walked eight miles in eight hours in snow three feet deep. They had a close shave in the blizzard.

Mrs. Charles Read, of Lakeside, will entertain at pedro tonight.

AS FAST AS STEAM

Can Carry Him, He Hurries to Washington,

To Plead That Princess Kaiulani May be Made Queen of Hawaii.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—John M. Cleghorn, of San Francisco, uncle of Princess Kaiulani, heir apparent to the Hawaiian throne, passed through Chicago yesterday. He is traveling to Washington as fast as steam will carry him, to reach the ears of the United States government before the commission appointed by the provisional government arrives at the national capital.

He is a brother of A. S. Cleghorn, whose deceased wife was a sister of the deposed Queen Liliuokaniuni, and whose daughter, the heir apparent, is at a fashionable school in England. Mr. Cleghorn left San Francisco a day ahead of the commission and, favored by the heavy snow storms that are delaying all trains west of the Mississippi river, will have nearly forty-eight hours the start of Lorin A. Thurston and his fellow commissioners.

He will lay before President Harrison the claims of his niece, Princess Kaiulani, and will plead for the establishment of a protectorate with the princess as queen.

"This girl," he said, "educated in England, will be much more satisfactory to the foreign element in the Sandwich islands than Queen Liliuokanluni was. It will be better for all concerned if the deposed queen be kept off the throne. She hates foreigners, and if her demands had found favor it would only have been a matter of a few years before she would have confiscated the property of aliens. She did wrong in endeavoring to get the combine to sign a new constitution which would disfranchise foreigners. I do not think the provisional government will last long, for I believe the United States will establish a protectorate instead of annexing the islands. England will certainly not permit annexation without making a vigorous protest and perhaps a great deal of trouble. If the United States will not see the justice and report of the claims I will lay before it, I shall go to England and appeal to Great Britain. The Princess Kaiulani is a strong brained woman, capable of ruling Hawaii. She is receiving the best of education, with the expectation of some day sitting on the Hawaiian throne."

HIS KNIFE IS OUT.

Daniel Campau, of Michigan, is Using it Against Don M. Dickinson.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2—Among the representative democrats who have been at the Hoffman house during the last week is Daniel J. Campau, of Detroit. He is a member of the national committee, chairman of the state central committee and received the other day, when Senator Stockbridge was reelected, the democratic vote for United States senator. Mr. Campau visits here frequently and his presence excited no comment and no suspicion, but, when late Monday afternoon President elect Cleveland requested Mr. Campau to come to Lakewood that night, while Don Dickinson was not in this vicinity, those who know of the strained relations between these men, who were once the Damon and Pythias in Michigan politics, will wonder what is going to happen next. Mr. Campau's presence at Lakewood was generally known, and he hurried away the next day to his Detroit home. The coolness between Mr. Dickinson and Mr. Campau began about two years ago, when the democratic city of Detroit went overwhelmingly republican. The route demoralized the democracy. Mr. Dickinson was denounced and he, in turn, bitterly criticised Mr. Campau. Dickinson and Campau have never openly broken their relations, but Mr. Campau did his best to overthrow Mr. Dickinson's leadership. Mr. Campau did not ask for the privilege of visiting Lakewood. What caused Mr. Cleveland's invitation nobody knows, but it is now whispered that the wolverine office seeker who does not make his peace with Mr. Campau first is liable not to get on the lucky list.

OVER AN EMBANKMENT

Goes the Caboose of a Freight Train—Several Men Injured.

QUINCY, Ill., Feb. 2—The caboose of a freight train on the Quincy, Omaha and Kansas City railway was derailed by a broken rail, near Green City, Mo., Tuesday night and toppled over an embankment eighteen feet high. The caboose was crushed to splinters at the bottom of the embankment and the following persons were hurt: C. E. Soule, superintendent of transportation on the road, splinter in eye and rib broken; J. E. Dorsey, of Castle, Mo., hurt internally. John Soderstrom, roadmaster, back and chest hurt. Al Smith, conductor, ankle broken. George Miller, of this city, back hurt. T. Downey, of Castle, hurt in back. Dr. Roberts, of Green City, badly bruised.

MRS. WHITNEY.

The ex-Secretary's Wife is Very Seriously Ill.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2—Mrs. W. C. Whitney, wife of ex-Secretary Whitney, has been seriously ill. An intimate friend of the family told a reporter last night that Mrs. Whitney was suffering from some trouble of the heart. "Mrs. Whitney," said the reporter's informant, "is a very sick woman. She has been subject to heart trouble for some years, but the present attack appears to be more serious. Until last night the family thought her condition extremely precarious. She is, now, however, slightly better and her condition afforded more reason for encouragement."

A STUPENDOUS STRIKE

May be Inaugurated Within a Fortnight

Among the Employes of the Railroads Entering Chicago—Switchmen at the Head.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2—There is a storm brewing in the labor sky, which, when it bursts, will cause consternation in certain quarters that can just now least afford to cope with it. It will affect the most important business of the city and make itself felt in every branch of of commerce having to do with the material prosperity of the city. Every wholesale house will feel its effect and if allowed to spread, it will paralyze the very bone and sinew of Chicago's trade. There is a prospect that the most stupendous strike on the railroads leading into the city which has ever been started may be inaugurated within a fortnight, no road being left unaffected. This strike will be organized and maintained by the switchmen, every man so employed being now practically pledged to go into it and hold out to the end.

SNOW SLIDES

In the Mountains Causes Several Fatalities.

Men Caught in the Avalanches are Carried to Death and Find Graves of Snow.

DENVER, Feb. 2—The storm that has been prevalent throughout the country reached Colorado yesterday morning. Reports from many points in the state show that the storm is general and that snow slides in the mountains are numerous, resulting in several fatalities. Near Carbondale, Colorado, Charles Smith and a young man, known as Bill, started to cross a gulch, when a snow slide caught and carried them 280 feet. Smith, with much trouble, extricated himself, but Bill was covered so deep that he was suffocated and his body has not yet been recovered.

At Aspen, Col., H. W. Shively and John Bradley, two miners working on the Little Mill mine, were caught in an avalanche and killed. Shively leaves a wife and family of seven children.

Frank Haw, a milkman, started from Aspen for Tourtlcott Park, which is situated on the top of a mountain near Aspen. It is feared that he and his team were caught in a slide and destroyed.

At Maroney's saw mill, about ten miles from Aspen, eight men and twenty-five mules are snowed in, and as it is known that they have but little provisions, a rescuing party started from Aspen to relieve them. It is known that several slides have occurred between Aspen and Maroney's mill and it is feared that the rescuers are caught between them.

AH, THERE, PINKERTON!

Wisconsin Will Take a Hand in Suppressing You.

A Bill Introduced Making Pinkertonism a Felony and Punishable by Fine and Imprisonment.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 2—A bill this morning was introduced into the legislature that is a blow at Pinkertonism. It provides that no person shall at any time be appointed peace officer unless he is a citizen of Wisconsin, and a resident of the county, where his services are required to prevent or quell a public disturbance. No person shall assume or exercise the functions of a peace officer without having first received his appointment in writing from the lawfully constructed authorities of the state. Any person unlawfully exercising the functions of a peace officer, or who shall bring or sought to be brought into the state any armed or unarmed police force or detective agency or force, or armed or unarmed body of men for the suppression of domestic violence, labor strikes or lockouts shall be guilty of felony and shall be liable to from two to five years in state prison: Provided that the legislature or the governor, when the legislature is not in session, shall have the power as heretofore to call on the United States for protection against invasion or domestic violence as is provided on the national constitution.

BOB FITZSIMMONS

Given an Enthusiastic Welcome at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 2—Bob Fitzsimmons and party have arrived safely at Bay St. Louis. The train bearing the party was three hours late, but beyond this slight inconvenience nothing occurred to mar the pleasure of the party. Fitzsimmons was accorded an enthusiastic welcome and was driven to the cottage where he will train for his coming contest with Hall.

ACCIDENT AT SEA.

An American Ship Lost Near the Natunas Islands.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 2—The American ship Robert L. Belknap, which left Yokohama, November 28, for Iloigo and left the latter port about December 16 for New York, met with disaster near the Natunas group of islands, off the northwest coast of Borneo, in the China sea. The vessel and cargo were totally lost but all the persons on board are supposed to have been saved.

THE BANK IS "BUSTED."

Dishonest Officers Misappropriate the Funds.

The First National Bank of Little Rock, Ark., Fails for $500,000.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 2—The First National bank of this city will not open for business today. Its liabilities are understood to be over half a million. About ten days ago the bank passed through a terrible crisis, but through the timely arrival and assistance of Col. Logan H. Root, its former president, confidence was again restored, and the public had begun to think the institution as solvent as ever. The bank was reorganized nearly two weeks ago with Colonel Root as president and Dr. C. M. Taylor vice president. The cause that has led to the suspension of the bank was the issuance of fraudulent paper by the former officers of the bank to the amount of several hundred thousand dollars.

In an interview last night Colonel Root said: "When I took charge of the bank the statement showed that President Allis and his friends had personally taken from them $150,000 of the bank's money and for which there was but very little security. More than $140,000 of such paper has already appeared and rumors have been received of more than double that amount. There is no way of ascertaining the exact amount of such fraudulent paper out, for which the bank has never received one cent. Under the circumstances we thought it best to close the institution and place its affairs in the hands of the government. Whether depositors will be paid in full or not depends on many things. The stockholders are liable to an assessment in the aggregate amounting to $500,000. Whether all can or will pay no one can say. It has assets, of course, that are valuable, but as to the unknown and unrecorded liabilities, no mortal can tell. The capital stock of the bank was $500,000; surplus, $100,000.

TO PREVENT "PADDING."

Amendment to the School Law—Enumeration Regulated.

A bill has been introduced in the house by Mr. Ader providing an amendment to the common school law. It has the approval of the superintendent of public instruction and is designed to correct the unsatisfactory claims of the law relating to enumeration of persons of school age. The time for taking the enumeration is shortened. The school trustees of townships, towns and cities are required to take the enumeration each year in April of all unmarried persons between the ages of six and twenty-one. To prevent fraudulent enumeration and padding of the returns, the enumerators are placed under oath, and for the first time a penalty of a fine of $5 to $100 or imprisonment of from ten to thirty days is proposed for any one who knowingly enumerates persons not entitled to enumeration. The law requires that in making the enumeration the name, age and sex of the child shall be taken and the signature of the parent or guardian. The law further specifies:

That the enumerator shall enumerate no one who is not reported to him personally and properly certified, except in cases of minors, who are dependent upon no one and not inmates of any family, who may be reported as herein provided for, provided that if any parent, guardian, head of family, or person having charge of any child shall be absent, the enumerator shall ascertain the facts required from other reliable sources, and sign his own name, to the certificate herein required; and in case any parent, guardian, head of family, or person having charge of any child entitled to school privileges shall refuse to report to the enumerator any facts herein required, necessary to a full and accurate enumeration, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than $1 nor more than $10.

Each person required to take the enumeration, when making returns must make oath that the list contains the names of all persons entitled to be enumerated, and no others. The officer to whom the return is made may take and shall certify such affidavit, and shall keep in his office such affidavit and list of names.

FRIGHTFUL IF TRUE.

Reported Mine Disaster—Several Men Killed.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 2—A report has just reached Pittsburg of a terrible mine disaster at Port Royal, on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, five miles from West Newton.

The explosion occurred in the pits of the Port Royal Coal and Coke company, and it is said several were killed and many injured.

SEVERE BLIZZARD.

Wisconsin in the Embrace of Frigid Weather.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., Feb. 2—A severe blizzard has been raging in this vicinity all day long.

Business is practically suspended and all trains are badly delayed. The wind is blowing at a high rate of speed and the thermometer at noon registered 25 below.

Death of Colonel Howard.

DANVILLE, Ill., Feb. 2—Col. Phocion Howard, the veteran journalist and democratic politician, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, at his home on East Chestnut street. Colonel Howard was reading clerk of the house of representatives.

Mrs. Florence Kemp has taken a position in the Bloomingdale flouring mill as bookkeeper.

REAR END COLLISION.

An Engine Crashes Into Two Powder Cars,

Causing an Explosion Which Wrecks the Engine and a Number of Freight Cars.

STRYKER, Ohio, Feb. 2—A rear end collision and an explosion of two car loads of powder occurred on the Lake Shore railway, three quarters of a mile east of here, yesterday afternoon, which resulted in considerable damage to property. West bound local freight No. 81 ran into the rear end of extra freight No. 583, which had parted from the main part of the train, exploding two car loads of powder and blowing the caboose and three cars to atoms, and badly damaging the engine. The concussion was felt for miles away and the telegraph wires torn down. The engineer and fireman saved themselves by jumping. There was no one in the caboose and no loss of life resulted. The ground is covered for acres with powder cans and wreckage. Pieces of timber were blown half a mile away. A heavy snow was falling at the time and the trainmen on the local did not see the flagman.

A LONG TERM.

A Would-be G. R. & I. Train Wrecker Sent to the Penitentiary for Ten Years.

Readers of THE SENTINEL will remember the account of an attempted wreck on the Grand Rapids and Indiana railway, last July, at Sturgis, Mich. The attempt was a dastardly one and suspicion pointed to a man by the name of Gresham, who was known to have a grudge against the road. Fortunately no one was hurt at the wreck. Detectives were at once put to work and succeeded in arresting Gresham in Sturgis in September. He was sent to jail and last week his trial came up at Centerville, St. Joe county, Mich. The fellow made a hard fight to clear himself, but the evidence was to much against him.

Hon. P. S. O'Rourke, superintendent of the road, has just received the result of the trial. The culprit was declared guilty by the jury after they had been out but a few moments. The judge at once sentenced him to ten years in the penitentiary. Gresham is now over fifty years of age and will be of little use to the world when his merited punishment is over. A man who will deliberately attempt to wreck a passenger train is worse than a murderer.

HORRIBLE DEATH

Meted Out to a Negro Rapist by an Infuriated Mob.

PARIS, Texas, Feb. 3.—Henry Smith, the negro who so brutally outraged Myrtle Vance, a little girl, was tortured to death late yesterday afternoon in the presence of 10,000 people. Henry Vance, father of the dead child, his fifteen-year-old son and his brother-in-law acted as executioners. Before reaching this city the negro made a full confession, though he declared that he has but an indefinite recollection of the outrage and murder and that whisky was responsible.

The negro was placed upon a carnival float in mockery of a king upon a throne and followed by an immense crowd escorted through the city that all might see the inhuman monster. He was taken to an open prairie about three hundred yards from the Texas and Pacific depot. Here Smith was placed upon a scaffold six feet square and ten feet high, securely bound within view of all beholders. Here the victim was tortured for fifty minutes by red hot iron brands thrust against his quivering body. Commencing at his feet the brands were placed against him inch by inch until they were thrust against his face. Then, he being apparently dead, kerosene was poured upon him and cottonseed hulls were placed beneath him and set on fire. In a few moments nothing remained but ashes. Curiosity seekers hurried away all that was left, even to pieces of charcoal.

INDIANA'S SOLONS.

Business Done in the Legislature Yesterday.

Senator Magee's bill prohibiting the sale of tobacco or cigarettes to anyone under sixteen years of age was also passed. It also provides a penalty for selling tobacco to another with a knowledge that it is to be given to a child.

The quail bill of Senator Holland provides that the shooting season shall begin November 10, instead of October 15. The bill was given its third reading and passed.

In the senate the roll was called for bills on third reading, and Senator McCutcheon's measure to amend the act to authorize the county commissioners to construct free turnpikes came up. It provides that the county should pay for bridges costing $500 and over, and empowers the commissioners to tax the persons who are immediately benefited by the bridge. The bill was passed.

The judiciary committee made a favorable report on Representative Wilson's bill providing that after twenty-four hours of continuous service have been exacted from employes of railroads, they shall have not less than eight hours of rest. The report was concurred in.

There were two reports on Representative Barnes' bill to provide for the election of superintendents of county poor farms by the people. The majority recommended the passage of the bill.

Representative Barnes, the author of the bill, spoke in favor of the adoption of the majority report, and Representative Sulzer, who signed the minority report, explained why he thought the selection ought to be left to the county commissioners.

Representative Rodabaugh, another member of the committee who signed the minority report, explained that he did not believe that the best men could be secured if the people were permitted to elect.

The bill to stop the printing of ballots in the newspapers was ordered printed and laid on the desks of members.

Representative Johnson, of Marion, introduced a bill to amend the charter of Indianapolis by providing that street railroad companies shall pave between their tracks, and two feet each side of the track. The bill was referred to the committee on the affairs of the city of Indianapolis.

THE COURTS.

The Groundhog Spoils Legal Business Today.

The 'squires were snow-bound today and had no business.

The fifty-fourth section of the Kaag divorce case was heard in the circuit court today.

Andrew Vedder and Augusta Meyer have been licensed to wed by the county clerk.

Judge Dawson returned from Auburn yesterday.

The board of commissioners are endeavoring to arrange a settlement with the gravel road litigants.

The application of Thomas Martin for admission to the Richmond insane asylum has been suspended for want of room.

Henry H. Noy has sold to Pauline Foley lot 133, Hanna's addition, for $1,800; Mary E. Tilberry to Michael O. Ginter lot 255, Lewis' addition, for $1,700; William A. Bohn to Margaret B. Bush, lot 11 Fry's addition, for $600.

WHAT THEY ARE THERE FOR.

A total of twenty-nine different causes contributed to the sending of the 763 convicts to the northern prison. The most numerous crime was burglary, for which 125 men are doing time. Petit larceny followed closely with 118 "devotees." Grand larceny was practiced by 112, murder by 73, assault and battery with intent to murder, 46; forgery, 45; robbery, 44; rape, 31; manslaughter, 24; burglary and grand larceny, 21; plain larceny, 23; arson, 13; assault with attempt to commit rape, 13; embezzlement, 10; false pretense, 9; counterfeiting, 8; receiving stolen goods, 8; assault with intent to rob, 7; violating postal laws, 6; felony, 5; incest, 5; perjury, 4; obstructing railroad, 3; sodomy, 2; personating an officer, 2; bigamy, 2; incest and rape, 1; assault with intent to commit felony, 1; uttering forged instrument, 1; total, 763.

CONGRESS.

Fight in the House Over the Anti-Option Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2—The fight over the anti-options bill started in a lively fashion this morning immediately after the house had been called to order. Each side had met before and had outlined its plan of action. Mr. Hatch and his fellow members on the committee on agriculture, held a committee meeting, at which the plan of procedure with reference to the anti-options bill was discussed, and it was finally decided to non-concur in the senate amendments and endeavor to send it to conference as quickly as possible for agreement between the two houses on the amendments by the senate.

The bill with senate amendments having been laid before the house, Mr. Hatch, (democrat) of Missouri, moved that the house non-concur in the amendments and agree to the request of the senate for a conference. Mr. Bynum, (democrat) of Indiana, raised the point of order that the amendments must be considered in committee of the whole.

The house discussed for a time the point of order that the amendments to the anti-option bill must first be considered in committee of the whole. The speaker then reserved his decision upon the point of order until tomorrow.

THE LADIES' SOCIETY

of the Baptist Church Meet and Elect Officers.

At the business meeting of the Ladies' society of the First Baptist church the following officers were elected:

President—Mrs. W. T. Davis.

First Vice President—Mrs. George Smith.

Second Vice President—Mrs. George Clayton.

Secretary—Mrs. Clara Grand.

Treasurer—Mrs. F. Beatty.

The following directresses were appointed:

For the West Side—Mrs. Will Eckert, Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Cooper.

For the East Side—Mrs. Fupie, Mrs. Renfrew, Mrs. Kemp and Mrs. Driebelbis.

For Lakeside—Mrs. Crosley and Mrs. Dr. Heaton.

For South Side—Mrs. Eckert, Mrs. Woolsey, Mrs. Sherbundy and Mrs. Wells

For North Side—Mrs. Kuntz, Mrs. Cosgrove, Miss Fleming and Mrs. Blystone

For Southeast Side—Mrs. S. F. Bowser, Mrs. Davenport and Mrs. Tillie Polhamus.

For Spy Run Avenue—Mrs. Medsker and Mrs. Lehr.

The ladies are busy preparing for a fair to be given in the spring.

The new storage barn being built on Wells street by the Ryan Trucking company will have a floor capacity of 50,000 feet.

TRAIN COLLISION.

The Pittsburg Limited Wrecked at Loudonville.

A Freight Train Runs Without Orders and a Frightful Accident is the Result.

A disastrous collision occurred at Loudonville, a station on the Pittsburg road about forty miles east of Crestline, at 3 o'clock this morning. The colliding trains were No. 2, the fast east-bound limited, and the first section of west-bound freight train No. 73. Reports from the scene of the wreck, on account of the reticence of the railway employes, are meagre and not very satisfactory. From another source THE SENTINEL reporter finds the facts as follows:

The Chicago limited on the Fort Wayne road collided with a freight train at Loudonville, 157 miles west of Pittsburg, at 3 o'clock this morning. The engineer and fireman of the freight train and an electrician in the employ of the company were injured, but the reports say that the passengers escaped. The engineer may die.

First section of freight No. 73 left Loudonville without orders and had gone but a short distance when the limited crashed into it. Engineer D. M. Peppard and Fireman Wertingberger, of the freight train jumped for their lives. Peppard sustained a broken shoulder bone and it is feared other and more serious injuries, which may cause his death. The fireman had his left leg broken and was badly bruised.

G. Batts, the electrician on the limited, was the only person hurt on that train. He was cut and bruised about the legs. The passengers of the limited were terribly shaken up but fortunately no one was hurt so far as had been heard. Both engines, the combination smoker and baggage car of the limited and four freight cars were wrecked, obstructing the tracks for six hours.

STORM SWEPT.

The Blizzard Predicted by "The Sentinel" Arrived on Time—Street Car Traffic Impeded.

The ground hog came out today and found the blizzard which has been raging in Minnesota, for the past few days, had reached Fort Wayne.

The storm came up yesterday afternoon and raged all night, so that this morning when the city awoke the streets had again taken on a mid-winter appearance. The high wind of the night had drifted the snow in some places to a depth of four and five feet. Traffic on the electric lines was difficult and at an early hour the company got out their big track cleaner. On some of the lines it was found necessary to run as many as three cars together in order to make any kind of headway.

The Centlivre horse car line could scarcely be operated on account of the huge drifts which had formed across the track. About 8 o'clock this morning one of the cars got tangled up in a drift and toppled over on its side. No one was in the car at the time and the driver saved himself by jumping. The traffic was delayed for some time. But few people were out on the street this morning and business with our merchants was consequently dull. The thermometer did not indicate very cold weather, remaining at about twenty degrees above all morning.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Text of the Proposed Changes in the Organic Law of the State.

There are four proposed amendments to the state constitution to be voted on by this general assembly. They were adopted by the general assembly of two years ago, and if adopted by this legislature they will be submitted to the people. The house committee on amendments to the constitution to which they were referred has made a favorable report, and the amendments have been made a special order for next Tuesday. The amendments are as follows:

1. Making the terms of all county officers four years.
2. Making the term of office of the auditor of state, treasurer of state and secretary of state four years.
3. Providing that the compensation of members of the general assembly shall be fixed by law; that no increase shall take effect during the session at which it is made; no session of the general assembly shall extend beyond 100 days, and no special session beyond forty days.
4. Providing for a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation, and providing that corporations may be taxed upon their net or gross earnings in such manner as may be provided by law.

Two years ago the amendments were not passed until the last day of the session; this year there is a desire to dispose of them earlier. The senate committee has found objections to the amendments. The extension of the time of the regular session of the assembly from sixty to a hundred days is not received with favor by legislators who are making a specialty of measures of economy.

A STIFF AFFAIR.

Annual Meeting of National Starch Men.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2—There was a representative gathering yesterday of the leading lights of the National Starch company, one of the most powerful and earliest industrial organizations formed in this city. Very flattering reports from the different officers were read and the various establishments of the company were shown to be in splendid shape. The annual election of directors resulted in the selection of the old board.

THEIR EVIDENCE.

Some Positive and Startling Testimony.

And They Pledge Their Word to its Absolute Truth.

Something Which Will be to All Conclusive and Convincing Proof.

We publish the evidence of two well known and highly respected ladies, and we consider that such testimony amounts to absolute proof.

Mrs. J. W. Beale, who resides at 58 Easton Ave., Worcester, Mass., makes the following statement:

"I was sick more than seven years, not able to do my housework for five years. I employed more than sixteen different doctors with no benefit. The whole length of my spine was very bad, which went to my head, being so bad that it was about impossible for me to stoop to the floor or turn my head to the right or to the left, my neck was so stiff.

"I was unable to comb my hair, the nerves of my head were so sore. I also had convulsions and kidney trouble.

MRS. J. W. BEALE.

"After a time I was persuaded to use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Words cannot express my wonderful cure! Now all is changed and I am strong and well and able to do all my work. I have gained 20 pounds in weight, and where all was gloom and despondency, there is now light and hope.

"Words cannot express my feelings. Thanks to God and the wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I am cured. I write this with a desire that others may be influenced to use this wonderful medicine as I did and am cured."

Mrs. M. Wreath of 516 Sterling St., Philadelphia, Pa., says:

"I suffered most indescribable pain in my head, pain in my heart, with fluttering, and weak, nervous spells. Often with difficulty I could sleep or rest, and at times was unable to perform my duties.

MRS. M. WREATH.

"I took Dr. Greene's Nervura, and my improvement has been so rapid that now I sleep soundly, appetite and strength are returning. I thank God and Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for affording me such relief. It will always be our family remedy."

New persons can read the true testimony of ladies of so high standing as Mrs. Beale and Mrs. Wreath, which proves beyond doubt that Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy does surely cure most kinds of diseases, and not be influenced to immediately try this wonderful medicine in their own cases is beyond our understanding.

Especially would this seem true when the doctors so widely recommend the use of this valuable remedy. It is kept by druggists for $1, and is purely vegetable and harmless, being the prescription and discovery of Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th street, New York, the famous specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE

CHICAGO

TO

Pacific Coast.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A new and Complete Treatment, consisting of Suppositories, Ointment in Capsules and Two Boxes of Ointment. A Positive Cure for External, Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching, Chronic, Recent or Hereditary Piles. Female Weaknesses and many other diseases; it is always a great benefit to the general health. The first discovery of a medical cure rendering an operation with the knife unnecessary hereafter. This Remedy has never been known to fail. $1 per box, 6 for $5; sent by mail. Why suffer from this terrible disease when a written guarantee is positively given with 6 boxes, to refund the money if not cured. Send stamp for free sample. Guarantee issued by our Agents.

Most of the above Diseases are caused by a clogged condition of the System and impure blood, caused by CONSTIPATION and Torpid Liver, which is promptly regulated by JAPANESE LIVER PELLETS. 50 doses 25c. (1)

Gross & Pellens, Druggists and Sole Agents, 94 Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

MOFFAT'S PILLS,

Established by one of our most eminent physicians and recommended by the medical profession and druggists who know their real merit, and are used with more pleasing results than any other medicine.

They act on the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys, purify and regulate the whole system, and are warranted a certain cure for all Malarious Diseases, Torpid Liver, Impure Blood, Jaundice, Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Costiveness, Nervous and Sick Headache, Female Obstructions and General Weakness, and Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, Colds and Fever and Ague. Price 25c per box, plain or sugar coated.

For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere, or sent by Mail or Express, prepaid, on receipt of price.

J. P. MILLS, 86 Liberty St., New York.

For Sale at wholesale by Meyer Bros. & Co., No. 9 West Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

THURSDAY, FEB. 2, 1893.

4176

Is the Daily Average of Our Circulation for the Month of January.

STATE OF INDIANA, ALLEN COUNTY SS:

Personally appeared before me, clerk of the Allen circuit court, Jos. F. Ervis, business manager of The Fort Wayne Sentinel, who makes oath that the actual number of copies of The Daily Sentinel delivered to subscribers and sold to newsboys and news agents, during the month of January, 1893, was as follows:

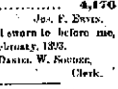
January 2	4,122
January 3	4,130
January 4	4,125
January 5	4,132
January 6	4,143
January 7	4,152
January 9	4,147
January 10	4,207
January 11	4,145
January 12	4,159
January 13	4,152
January 14	4,269
January 16	4,177
January 17	4,156
January 18	4,147
January 19	4,140
January 20	4,151
January 21	4,226
January 23	4,153
January 24	4,427
January 25	4,163
January 26	4,180
January 27	4,352
January 28	4,201
January 30	4,173
January 31	4,170
Total for the month	**108,585**
Daily average	**4,176**

Jos. F. Ervis.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of February, 1893.

Daniel W. Souder,
Clerk.

THIS DAY IN THE PAST.



PHIPPS.

1461—Sir Owen Tudor, grandfather of Henry VII, of England, killed.
1529—Baldassarre Castiglione, Italian author, died; born 1478.
1651—Sir William Phipps, famous as governor of Massachusetts, born in Pemaquid, Me.; died 1695; he had 20 brothers and 5 sisters.
1714—Archbishop John Sharp died.
1769—Pope Clement XIII died; elected 1758.
1834—Rev. Lorenzo Dow, eccentric itinerating preacher, died in Georgetown, D. C.; born 1777.
1841—Dr. Olinthus G. Gregory, English mathematician, died; born 1774.
1848—Treaty of peace between the United States and Mexico signed at Guadalupe.
1886—General David Hunter died at Washington; born 1802.
1888—Mary Howitt, English authoress, died at Rome; born 1804.
1890—Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler, of Brooklyn, announced the end of his ministerial life after thirty years in one church.
1891—The supreme court denied the right of the British government to file a plea for order to restrain the district court of Alaska in the seal business.

TONIGHT.

REVIVAL SERVICES—Baptist Tabernacle, St. Paul M. E. church, U. B. church, Grace Reformed church, Christian church, Wayne St. M. E. Church, Third Presbyterian church.
WORLD'S MUSEUM—Sid France and company in "Marked for Life"—Curio hall attractions.
THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY—Regular meeting.
LODGES—Goethe, K. of P.; Harmony No. 19, I. O. O. F.; Summit City lodge No. 36, A. O. U. W.; Knights of Labor; Sol. D. Bayless lodge, F. & A. M.
SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Free Musical Concert.

Do you think the groundhog saw his shadow today?

Our "beautiful snow" poet was on hand this morning.

Gansemus day was ushered in with a blinding snow storm and a cloud-covered sky.

Our ice houses are filled with the congealed. There is no danger of an ice famine this year.

Nearly every sheriff in the state is kicking on the new fee and salary law. They all say they can't stand it and will not unless the legislature increases their incomes.

Every voter in Fort Wayne should be given opportunity of reading the proposed new city charter. A careful perusal of its provisions will remove much of the opposition to it.

Do we want Hawaii? Many of our state legislatures think so and are instructing congress to vote for annexation. No matter what course may be determined upon by the country, no foreign nation will be permitted to lay hands upon those beautiful islands.

Cholera in Winter.

Watchfulness against cholera should not be relaxed simply because winter is with us. While it is true that hot weather is more favorable to the spread of the pestilence than cold, the popular impression that the cholera is prevented or killed is not correct. In 1832 cholera made its first appearance in London suburbs on the 13th of February, and in Dublin three weeks later. The first death from cholera in North America that year occurred in Quebec on the 8th of June. Municipal authorities and householders should work together this winter to the end that sanitation shall be in the best possible shape to prevent or resist an outbreak in the spring. The importance of this precaution is accentuated by the reappearance of cholera in Hamburg within the last few weeks, to the astonishment of all Germany, which had been officially informed that the disease had been stamped out.

Don't Shut the Doors.

It is to be hoped that the benevolent committees of the legislature when they visit the feeble minded institution in this city will make arrangements to remain here long enough to make themselves familiar with the many needs of the institution. The buildings are now crowded with inmates, containing 433 children, and to accommodate the many applicants who are seeking admission from all over the state the institution must be enlarged and new buildings erected. They also badly need a farm, so that the many boys who are grown up to manhood may have something to do and help to sustain the institution. While this institution is yet in its infancy, judging from the number of feeble minded children over the state who are seeking admission by the hundred, it has, if the needed help is given, a bright future for increased usefulness and promises to become one of the leading benevolent institutions of the state. For the legislature to refuse, means to shut the doors against these poor unfortunates from all parts of Indiana who are knocking for admission.

A Political Study.

The official vote for president is an interesting study, as it presents novel features entirely unknown in all past contests. As between Harrison and Cleveland the majorities give a misleading conception of the popular vote, as Cleveland received no votes in Colorado, Idaho, Kansas and North Dakota, and in these states Harrison's majority over Cleveland is just the vote polled for him.

In Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, North Dakota and Wyoming the whole democratic vote was cast for the Weaver electoral ticket, so that Harrison's majorities over Cleveland in those states is the full vote he received. In Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon and South Dakota the larger proportion of the democratic vote was cast for the Weaver ticket. In Louisiana, Mississippi and Nevada the most of the republican votes were cast for a fusion Weaver ticket, and in Florida all the republican votes polled were given to such a ticket. Harrison's largest majorities came chiefly from Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, North Dakota and Nevada, all of which gave electoral votes to Weaver, and only one of the divided vote of North Dakota to Harrison.

Cleveland carried 23 of the 44 states by an aggregate majority of 918,145 over Harrison. Harrison carried the electoral votes of 14 states entire, and received one vote in California and North Dakota and three of the four in Oregon. His popular majority over Cleveland in all the states which voted for Harrison and Weaver is 548,612, making Cleveland's popular majority on the face of the returns over Harrison 369,533; but had Cleveland received the full Cleveland vote cast in the western states and Harrison the full republican vote cast in the south, Cleveland's majority over Harrison would be about 550,000.

A Chinese Columbus.

Columbus had his Erickson, and now Erickson must give way to the almond-eyed celestial as the original discoverer of America, if the word of an English writer is to be believed. This writer claims that the Chinese crossed the Pacific to America as early as the fifth century. China had attained a high state of civilization from a very remote age, and undoubtedly made use of the magnetic needle in navigation centuries before the European countries adopted it. They have a history which scholars consider trustworthy for four thousand years back. In these official annals is found an account of the discovery of a great country lying far to the southeast of Alaska. Hui-Shin, a Buddhist priest, was the Chinese Columbus, and there is little doubt but that he visited the western coast of Mexico. The inhabitants of Fusang, as he called the country in his narrative, had a monarchical form of government. This we know was the case with all the early nations of Mexico. His statement that the houses were made of wood, that the people had little practical knowledge of iron, and that silver and gold were considered of little value, corresponds with historical facts in regard to the old Aztec kingdom. Hui-Shin gave a minute description of the Mexican aloe tree, that is indigenous to America. But perhaps the strongest evidence in favor of the Chinaman is the recent discoveries in old Aztec temples of sculptured elephants. The elephant was an animal totally unknown in America, but it is a religious symbol of frequent use among the Asiatic Buddhists. It is difficult to see how it came to be sculptured in Aztec temples unless under the influence of the priests from Asia. But it does not detract from the fame of Columbus, that he may have had predecessors in his discoveries; for their voyages and settlement had passed into oblivion, and had been productive of no practical results to the Europe of the fifteenth century.

The forgery of antiquities has been a recognized industry in Europe for many years, but it is little known that the famous English "Flint Jack" has his counterpart in this country in one Burnett, "a small, dull, yellow man," as a neighbor described him, who lives on the French Broad river in North Carolina. For a long time he was in the habit of riding to the towns and selling "fake" arrow heads to dealers and visitors, as well as mortars and pestles that had the appearance of having been long buried. But he lost one customer by taking him a mounted figure of pottery that he said he had unearthed from an Indian mound. He had made the mistake of putting shoes on the horse.

The whole world is at present intent upon the cholera question, and especially is this the case with the people of the United States. And in view of the coming world's fair there is much room for apprehension regarding the scourge. Experiments are now being made for the purpose of discovering whether inoculation, if the subcutaneous injection contains all three micro-organisms together, will guarantee the patient from infection, and if so, for how long. The results of these experiments, which may possibly mean the final extirpation of Asiatic cholera, are looked forward to with impatience in the medical circles of St. Petersburg and Moscow.

A fruit crank has arisen, who says that the banana is the universal food and clothing of the human race. He claims that before long bread, muffins, porridge, soup, pies, beer and sausages will be made out of bananas. Besides that, an indelible ink can be made out of the skin and a beautiful cloth can be made out of the fiber.

"I was deaf for a year, caused by Catarrh in the head, but was perfectly cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. H. Hicks, Rochester, N. Y.

LIPS AND EYES.

Sometimes her eyes become so kind
That in their depths I seem
To see encouragement to hope
Fulfillment of my dream.
But this fair maid is so perverse
That, if I dare to sue,
Too hopeful, though her eyes say "Yes,"
Her saucy lips say "No."

At other times her words are kind,
But then her eyes are dumb;
Still, if my prayers avail, some day
My happiness will come.
For, since I know with her alone
It lies my life to bless,
I hourly pray that lips and eyes
May some time both say—"Yes."
—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

IN A TOLTEC RUIN.

"One of the strangest adventures of my life," said Jim Bailey, an old salt, "happened in the summer of 1851, while I was on a voyage to California. I was a young man at the time, and had shipped as a sailor on board the Delta, bound from New York to San Francisco.

"We had rounded the cape successfully, and were standing up the coast of Central America when we encountered a terrific storm which lasted for five days. Our ship became disabled, and drifting ashore was wrecked near the headland that forms the western boundary of the Gulf of Nicoya.

"The night was intensely dark when the ship went down, and nearly all on board were lost. Clinging to a part of the broken mast, I was washed ashore, where I lay in an unconscious condition for hours. When I recovered my senses I was lying upon the sands at the foot of a high chain of cliffs, where the tide had left me. It was daylight, and the first beams of the morning sun were struggling through the mass of jagged rocks above me.

"I had about come to the conclusion that I was the only one who had escaped from the wreck when the sound of a voice broke upon my ear. Glancing upward, toward the place from whence the voice had proceeded, I discovered Jack Davis, the second mate of the Delta, standing upon a rocky point that rose some 20 feet above the sands where I stood.

"On ascending the cliff we made the discovery that we were on a small island that stood some two miles from the mainland. The island was not over a mile in length by three-fourths in width, and in the narrow valley that lay between two ranges of coast hills we could see a thick growth of tropical timber.

"As far as we could see, the island was uninhabited, and our chances for procuring food were slim indeed. After searching in vain for some sign of habitation we entered the forest and soon found an abundance of bananas and dates, of which we ate with the keenest relish.

"Having partially satisfied our hunger, we began to consider plans for getting away from the island. There was little to be gained by escaping to the mainland, for, as far as we could guess, from our limited knowledge of the country, its inhabitants were tribes of vicious savages, who might massacre us on sight. After consulting over the matter for some time we came to the conclusion to remain upon the island for a few days at least, before making any attempt to reach the mainland. Meantime we could construct a raft and have it ready for use. We were in hopes of sighting some vessel, but in case we failed in this we would leave the island by means of the raft.

"We were in the act of returning to the top of the hill for the purpose of placing some kind of a signal there, when an exclamation from my companion arrested my attention.

"'Look!' he cried, pointing down the narrow valley. 'There's a building of some kind, as sure as you live!'

"Turning my eyes in the direction indicated, I saw the top of a wide stone structure rising above the trees. Hastening to the spot we discovered the ruins of what had once doubtless been a building of considerable magnificence. It was built of blocks of blue granite some two or three feet square, and had originally been two stories high, but nearly all of the upper story had tumbled down, and in falling had demolished much of the lower part.

"We entered through a wide doorway, from which all traces of shutters had disappeared. The building was some sixty by eighty feet, and the lower story had been divided into four rooms, but the partitions had tumbled down in many places, the debris covering the floor to the depth of several feet.

"Making our way over the pile of rocks we discovered a depression in the floor, which proved to be a stairway leading downward, but the passage was so choked up with a mass of stones that we found it impossible to descend. However, we were determined to explore the old building, and set to work at once to remove the stones from the passageway.

"Descending into the cellar we found a room some twenty feet square with walls of pale blue cement. Two rows of curiously carved stone benches ran the entire length of this room, fronting what appeared to be an altar, on which was perched an image of the most repulsive and hideous aspect. I could hardly repress a shudder as I gazed on this relic of the superstition and ignorance of bygone ages.

"'It's an idol of some of them heathen niggers,' said Jack irreverently. 'I'd like to sell this old image to Barnum, but as it's not likely we'll have a chance to carry it away with us, I'll just crack it and see what's inside.'

"As he spoke he took up a block of stone that had tumbled down through the stairway and aimed a blow at the image. It fell over with a loud crash as the missile struck it, and, rolling down the altar steps, broke into a score of pieces.

"We both started back in surprise, for, as the figure fell, a small opening, leading back into another apartment was disclosed. Approaching the wall we crept through the opening, which was barely large enough to admit our bodies, and found ourselves in a small, narrow, vault-like chamber with walls of solid masonry.

"At first glance the room appeared to be empty, but on close inspection we discovered an oblong object in the corner, which proved to be a curiously-fashioned box made of copper, and fastened with an oddly-shaped lock of the same material. At sight of the box our curiosity was aroused to the highest pitch, and visions of treasures of untold wealth flitted before my imagination.

Jack struck the lock a heavy blow, completely severing it from its fastenings. Then with trembling hands we threw back the lid. The box was empty!

"'Hold on a moment,' he cried, bending over the box. 'Mebby there's somethin' under this.'

"He jerked the box from its resting-place as he spoke, disclosing a small cavity in the rocky floor beneath.

"'By Jupiter! look there!' he exclaimed. Hastily approaching and bending over the spot I saw a small cavity some three feet long and a foot deep, half filled with a collection of queer-looking vessels of silver and gold. For a few moments we stood spell-bound.

"'There's enough to make us both rich for life,' exclaimed Jack with a burst of enthusiasm. 'No more climbin' riggin's and furlin' sails for me!' And he gave vent to an audible chuckle as he began removing the articles from the vault. In the bottom we found a great heap of queer-shaped coins of silver and gold, which we speedily removed and placed in the copper box.

"As we did so we heard a sliding, grinding sound behind us, then the dull echo of a falling rock.

"We glanced back, and at the same time a startled cry came from Jack's lips. The opening through which we had entered the chamber had closed! With a common impulse we rushed to the place to find that a huge rock had slid into the opening, completely closing it up and shutting us in. We exerted all our strength to move the block of stone, but of no avail. We were prisoners!

"'Perhaps there is some other way by which we can leave the place,' I suggested, but upon investigation we found that the opening by which we had entered was all that led from the dismal chamber.

"The torches we had brought with us would soon be used up, and then we would be left in the blackest darkness. Knowing this, we realized the great necessity of immediate action. Whatever we did must be done while our torches lasted. We made a hurried examination of the walls that surrounded us, and we saw that there was only one course left and that was to dig our way out.

"But here was a great difficulty. We were beneath the surface of the ground, and could not reach the outside by digging in a horizontal direction. We must first penetrate the walls, if possible, and then dig our way upward. If we could only succeed in displacing one rock from the wall, it would not be difficult to remove others.

"With nothing but our pocket-knives to aid us we found the task a hard one, but we set to work with a will cutting between the layers of stone. It took hours of the most patient toil to remove the first piece of masonry from the wall, and by the time we had widened the wall sufficiently to admit our bodies, the torches had been used up and we were left in total darkness.

"Hour after hour we worked on, feeling our way in the darkness, with scarcely a ray of hope left. But with hearts fast sickening with despair we toiled on. Of that fearful period that followed I can never give an account. It all seems like some strange, hideous dream now, and I can never think of that time without a shudder.

"How long we toiled there in the gloomy tunnel I never knew, but it must have been many days and nights. At times we would become exhausted with work, and throwing ourselves upon the pile of rock and dirt would fall into a fitful sleep, from which we would awake to resume our toil. At last, overcome with thirst and hunger, I sank down upon the rocks and became unconscious.

"When my senses returned I found myself lying in a state-room aboard the Petrel, bound for San Francisco. I was weak as a child from my long illness of a fever, and it was many days before I was allowed to talk. But finding myself alive and in comfortable quarters, I was content to wait for the particulars of my deliverance from the gloomy prison in the old ruins.

"When I was better I learned that the Petrel had been standing up the coast, intending to stop at a near point for the purpose of obtaining a fresh supply of water, when a signal was discovered flying upon one of the little hills of the island. A boat was sent ashore, where Jack and I were found. Jack was in an almost helpless state and I was delirious with a fever.

"We were taken aboard the Petrel, as was also a curious-looking copper box, which the sailors said Jack guarded with jealous care. Three days later the Petrel met the Equinox, bound for Liverpool, and on the latter Jack took passage, taking with him the copper box, in which was doubtless the treasure we had found in the old ruins on the island.

"How Jack had succeeded in delivering us from our prison under the ruin I never knew, for I never saw him or the treasure again."—National Tribune.

Love rules the court, the camp, the grove,
But this we find where'er we rove,
That SOZODONT alone supplies
The dazzling teeth and ruby dyes,
That lend a maiden half the charms
That win her to her lover's arms.

Nierman's Pharmacy, Telephone 177, 83 Calhoun street.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in one to three days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. Seventy-five cents. Sold and guaranteed by C. B. Woodworth & Co., Druggists, Fort Wayne, Indiana. dec3d&w 3 mo

Page's Climax Salve is truly the woman's friend, as no woman can have broken breasts or sore nipples while she uses this salve. Try it.

Toilet goods at Nierman's Pharmacy

Deputy Sheriff Albert Melsching is on the sick list.

DR PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

OF GENERAL INTEREST.

—A correspondent of the New York Sun, of late date, says print these four lines without punctuation and no one would believe them, yet rightly punctuated they are true:

"Every lady in this land
Has twenty nails on each hand
Five and twenty on hands and feet
This is true without deceit."

—The business of coal mining for commercial purposes has entirely grown up during the last fifty or sixty years. It was known before the revolution that coal existed in Pennsylvania. So early as 1769, one Obadiah Gore, a blacksmith in the Wyoming valley, used coal found lying on the surface of the ground.

—An eminent authority has it that the death rate of the world is calculated to be 67 per minute, 4,030 per hour, 96,720 per day, while the rate of births, slightly exceeding the death rate is calculated to be 70 per minute, 4,100 per hour, 100,800 per day, 36,792,000 a year. The estimated increase per annum is therefore a little over 1,500,000.

—Whiting, plaster of Paris, barytes, silica and white clay are the commonest paint adulterants. A recent lecturer showed a number of boards painted with three coats of these materials that had been ground in oil. In each case the grain of the wood could readily be seen, while one coat of white lead was sufficient to practically cover the grain.

—In Concord the total precipitation of rain and snow during the 11 months of the present year was 33.78 inches, being 2.59 more than during the corresponding months of last year, and one-quarter of an inch less than the average during the 35 years. The snowfall in November was nine inches, exceeding the total amount of last winter up to January 15.

—The new publications issued from the press of the United States during 1891 amounted to 3,260, of which only 1,106 survived at the beginning of 1892. The total number of American periodicals of all sorts, including newspapers, is now 20,115. Some of them are pretty cheap stuff, but as a whole they indicate that the people of this country are the hungriest readers on earth.

—A rather amusing, but possibly practical invention, is that which incloses a railroad switch in an iron cage. The switchman who is to throw the switch from the main line to a siding must enter this cage, and throwing the switch locks him in. The door can be unlocked only when the switch is thrown back, and thus, says the inventor, if the switchman derails a train he is there in the cage to answer for it.

—Soon after the attack on Schenectady (1690) the government of Massachusetts addressed a circular letter to all the colonies as far south as Maryland, inviting them to send commissioners to New York to agree upon some plan of operations for the defense of the whole. Delegates from Massachusetts, Connecticut and New York met in the city of New York in May, 1690, and the campaign against Canada was planned. This was the first colonial congress.

—The Italian government is going to curtail, possibly abolish, the trial by jury. It has been found unsuitable to eastern conditions, and has been but little practiced. Out of 298,000 cases in the Bengal presidency last year there were only 285 trials by jury. The Pall Mall Gazette defends the government in its course, and publishes much intended to prove that the abolition of trial by jury is in no sense a piece of malevolent despotism, as it has been represented. Of late years there has been a great increase of crime in Bengal. Murder and gang robbery are more prevalent than several years back, and it is interesting to note, too, that lynch law is frequently practiced.

—The head cooks of Paris have founded a Culinary academy, on the lines, its founders say, of the "other famous Academy of France." Its purpose is to conserve and foster the fine art of the kitchen. It has thirty immortals, and is presided over by the chef of one of the most famous of Parisian restaurants. The members meet once a month and discuss their art at great length, compare notes, invent new dishes and condemn some old ones as barbarous. At a recent meeting the president deplored and protested against the decline and fall of taste—using the word in its esthetic sense—in eating. He maintained that the race of gourmets is dying out. The age is too utilitarian. Formerly three hours was the proper duration of a well-ordered dinner. Now everything is hurry, and all sense of the artistic is being killed.

FIRE AND SWORD.

Graphic Word-Painting of the Fall of New Orleans.

The huge, writhing river, risen up above the town, was full to the levee's top, and, as though the enemy's fleet was that much more than it could bear, was silently running over by a hundred rills into the streets of the stricken city.

As far as the eye could reach, black smoke, white smoke, brown smoke and red flames rolled and spread and licked and leaped, from unnumbered piles of cotton bales and wooden wharves, and ships cut adrift, and steamboats that blazed like shavings, floating down the harbor as they blazed.

He stood for a moment to see a little revenue cutter—a pretty topsail schooner—lying at the foot of Canal street, sink before his eyes in the turbid yellow depths of the river, scuttled. Then he hurried on. Huge mobs ran to and fro in the fire and smoke, howling, breaking and stealing.

Women and children hurried back and forth like swarms of giant ants, with buckets and baskets and dippers and bags and bonnets, hats, petticoats, anything—now empty, and now full of rice and sugar and meal and corn and sirup—and robbed each other, and cursed and fought, and slipped down in pools of molasses, and threw live pigs and coops of chickens into the river, and, with one voiceless rush, left the broad levee a smoking, crackling desert when some shells exploded on a burning gunboat, and presently were back again like a flock of evil birds.

It began to rain.

But the victorious ships, with bare black arms stretched wide, boarding nettings up, and the dark muzzles of their guns bristling from their sides, came, silently as a nightmare, slowly around the bend at Slaughterhouse point, and moved up the middle of the harbor.

At the French market he found himself, without forewarning, witness of a sudden skirmish between some Gascon and Sicilian marketmen, who had waved a welcome to the fleet, and some Texan soldiers who resented the treason.

The report of a musket rang out, a second and a third re-echoed it, a pistol crack, and another and another. There was a rush for cover; another shot and another resounded in the market-house, and presently in the street beyond.

Then, in a moment, all was silence and emptiness, into which there ventured but a single stooping, peeping Sicilian, glancing this way and that, with his finger on trigger, eager to kill, gliding from cover to cover, and presently gone again from view, leaving no human life visible nearer than the swarming mob that Richling, by mounting a pile of ship's ballast, could see still on the steamboat landing, pillaging in the drenching rain, and the long fleet casting anchor before the town in line of battle.—G. W. Cable, in "Dr. Sevier."

Comical Ostrich Chicks.

Ostrich chicks are comical little fellows with downy heads and necks and stripped bodies. The feathers are allowed to grow without being disturbed until maturity. The moulting time is in the fall, when all the best feathers would be dropped were they not previously plucked. This is not a very easy task in the case of such a powerful and pugnacious bird. One method is by driving the victims, one at a time, into a plucking box that restrains them from violent resistance. Another way is for an attendant to grasp the bird's head and forcibly draw it to the ground, in which position it cannot see to strike while being robbed of its plumage. The wing and tail feathers alone are plucked. Each bird yields from one to two pounds, worth from $50 to $250, according to quality. They are sorted at the farm and then sent to the manufacturer, who dresses them for the market. About one-fourth of the annual harvest finds sale in California, and the rest are disposed of in New York. The natural colors of the feathers of the male ostrich are pure black and spotless white; while those of the female are drab and white. The pure white is most highly prized. The very finest are retailed in California at ten dollars a plume. The more common kinds shade down as low as one dollar each. Boas are also made of the black, white, and gray mixed, and sold at from $45 to $75 each. There is also a market for the eggs, which bring about two dollars apiece as curiosities.—[Scientific American.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds.—If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Drier & Bro.'s drug store. Large bottles 50c and $1.00.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Dreier & Bro., druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

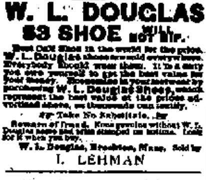
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

Old Standbys.

It is remarkable that, although new fruits come to the front every year, there is not a pear yet that has been able to take the place of the Bartlett or the Seckel. The Bartlett is a European sort, originating in England and famed there William's Bon Chretien. It was introduced into this country, and its name getting lost, it was named Bartlett, after the man in whose garden it was when its excellent qualities were discovered. The Seckel is a native, a chance seedling, found growing near the Schuylkill river, Philadelphia, and the original tree still stands and bears fruit. The Bartlett is in season all throughout September, the Seckel from the close of September and through October. These two kinds are no exception to the rule that the quality of all pears increases in value as the trees get older. The fruit from a full-grown Seckel pear tree, for instance, is far superior to that from a tree fruiting for the first time.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Night calls given immediate attention. Nierman's Pharmacy.



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$3 SHOE NOT RIP.

Best Calf Shoe in the world for the price. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold everywhere. Everybody should wear them. It is a duty you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised above, as thousands can testify.

Take No Substitute.

Beware of fraud. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy.

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

I. LEHMAN

Tutt's Pills

To purge the bowels does not make them regular but leaves them in worse condition than before. The liver is the the seat of trouble, and

THE REMEDY

must act on it. Tutt's Liver Pills act directly on that organ, causing a free flow of bile, without which, the bowels are always constipated. Price, 25c.

Sold Everywhere.

Office, 140 to 144 Washington St., N. Y.

Metropolitan Hotel,

Broadway, Corner Prince Street,

NEW YORK CITY.

Refitted and renovated under new management, on the European plan. Rooms rates one dollar a day and upwards. Restaurant equal to the best in the city at moderate rates. Street cars from all R. R. Stations and steamboats and ferry landings pass the door.

HICKOK & ALLEN, Prop's.

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156 to 166 State St., Chicago.
Will Mail Free their newly enlarged Catalogue of Band Instruments, Uniforms and Equipments, 400 Fine Illustrations, describing every article required by Bands or Drum Corps. Contains Instructions for Amateur Bands, Exercises and Drum Major's Tactics, By-Laws and a Selected List of Band Music.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

Carlos Martyn, D. D.,
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Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Edwin F. Pardee, M. D.,
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The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York.

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America's Foremost Furriers
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Sealskin Garments

than all other fur houses in Chicago combined.

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PLUMBERS.
Agents for the Goodrich Self-Heating and the Bath Tub.

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WORD
WITH
YOU!

You Want It.
Your Wife Wants It.
Your Children Want It.
Your Father Wants It.
Your Mother Wants It.
Your Uncles and Aunts Want It.
Your Feelings Demand It.

DON'T BORROW IT.
DON'T LEND IT. { } IT IS TOO GOOD.

YOU MUST HAVE IT YOURSELF.

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ALL THE NEWS FOR ONLY 10 CTS. PER WEEK.

TELL YOUR NEIGHBORS TO TRY IT ONE WEEK AND THEY WILL KEEP IT AS LONG AS THEY LIVE.

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Telephone No. 202. No. 20 Calhoun street.

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BANKS.

OLD NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $350,000. Surplus $140,000.
Foreign exchange bought and sold,
Dollar Deposits Received.
Three (3) per cent. interest per annum, paid on certificates of deposit if left four (4) months.
Corner Calhoun and Berry Sts.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $200,000. Surplus $100,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

WHITE NATIONAL BANK.
Fort Wayne, Ind.
Corner of Clinton and Wayne streets.
Interest paid on certificates of deposit at three (3) per cent. per annum if left four (4) months. Deposits of an ordinary nature received. Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
Capital and Surplus, $400,000.
Corner Main and Court Streets.
Oldest National Bank in Indiana. Certificates of deposit issued drawing three (3) per cent interest per annum if left four (4) months.
J. D. NUTTMAN, President.
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HOTELS.

NEW AVELINE HOUSE.
Newly refitted and refurnished.
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Diseases of the Nose and Throat.
Office Hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.
Office: No. 40 W. Berry St. Telephone No. 48.

DR. B. GARD—To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex, may consult me free of charge at my office, 25 West Wayne street. Telephone 355.

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EYE AND EAR.
Office at Dreier Bros. Drug Store.

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Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12. Office, No. 23 West Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

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Office at No. 22 W. Berry St.
Office hours, 9 to 12, 1 to 5.

DR. JNO. J. GOLE,
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Diseases of Nose, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Nervous Diseases a specialty. Office hours: 8 to 10, 1 to 3, 7 to 9. Telephone, No. 183.

DR. T. J. DILLS—
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DISEASES OF THE
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Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., and 1:30 to 4 p. m.

DR. A. E. BULSON, Jr.
EYE, EAR, NOSE
AND THROAT ONLY,
No. 44, 46, 48 Pixley-Long Block.
Telephone 412. Hours, 9-12 a. m., 2-5 p. m.

DR. G. W. McCASKEY,
Has removed to his new office building, adjoining his residence,
107 West Main St. Telephone No 141
Also, No. 9, at Woodworth's Drug Store,
Hours, 11 to 12, 2 to 3 and 7 to 8.

SALVATION OIL

Kills all pain!
Unexcelled as
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Indispensable
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Buy the genuine
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Sold for 25 cts.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all dealers.

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Saturday, Feb. 4.

Real Realistic Realism.

MR. NEIL BURGESS' CO.,

PRESENTING

The County Fair!

Entire New Scenery. Complete Mechanical Equipment.

Prices, 25c to $1.00.
Seats on Sale Friday.

PAUL E. WOLF,
UPHOLSTERER OF

Fine Parlor Suits,
Easy Chairs, Rockers,
Single Lounges, Bed Lounges.
All kinds of Couches
And Sofas.

Nos. 33 and 35 Clinton St.
Telephone No. 404,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

WANTED.

WANTED—Traveling Salesmen; or have [illegible] side line. Address, with references, [illegible] Cigar Co., Lynchburg, Va. 26-7t

WANTED—A steady, sober man to collect and canvass. Good salary. W. J. Armstrong, Supt., 25 Pixley Block, Berry st. 27-6t

WANTED—Girl to do general housework, or young girl to help with the work and care for children. 302 West Wayne street. 27-1t

WANTED—By a young lady of experience, a position as stenographer. Not afraid to work. Address, E. S., care Sentinel office. 4t

WANTED—Collector and solicitor. Must be past 21 years old. [illegible] Steady job and good wages. Apply at room [illegible], 51 Calhoun street. 2-3t

WANTED—Washing and ironing to do at my residence. Will call for and deliver same. Address, or call on Mrs. Mary Buckley, 42 West Main street, rear part. 27-4t

WANTED—[illegible] general secretary of the city department Y. M. C. A. 19-6t

BRIGHT MAN Wanted to solicit for Mercantile Agency. Good pay, permanent. 510 Caxton Bldg. Chicago, Ill. 2-21

I HAVE in my possession a medicine that will cure coughs and colds, and stop hemorrhages of the lungs and heal them, and also gives an appetite. All who are afflicted and wish to try my home remedy can call at 14 Murray st. 21 1m

ACTIVE WORKERS everywhere for the "LIFE of JAMES G. BLAINE," written by Willis Fletcher Johnson, the New York Editor, and intimate friend of Mr. Blaine. Memorial edition, embracing the history of his life from cradle to grave, [illegible] extra large pages. Magnificently illustrated. Retail but $1.50. Selling immensely. Big money for workers. 50,000 agents wanted. A bonanza. Best terms. Act quick. Books on 30 days time. Freight paid. Outfit with full instructions mailed FREE upon application. Globe Bible Publishing Co., 723 Chestnut st., Phila., Pa., or 358 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. 30-10t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At the Sentinel office, bound copies of [illegible] ordinances. 1-6t

FOR SALE—Square piano; will sell cheap. Call at Sentinel office for particulars. 2-1t

FOR SALE—An elegant double folding bed, cheap. Call on Mr. T. L. [illegible], 80 Calhoun street. 1-1t

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Frame house No. 180 Broadway and land adjoining. Inquire at Nuttman Co.'s bank. 1-4t

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room suitable for single gentleman; three squares from Calhoun street. Apply at 180 East Washington street. 18-1t

FOR RENT—Hall, convenient and centrally located in the city; would prefer to rent to lodges or clubs; [illegible]; will rent cheap to right parties. Address, H. S. O., care Sentinel. 40-1t

LOST.

LOST—Gold hair pin with [illegible] back. Finder will receive reward by leaving same at Sentinel office. 27-1t

HOW TO BUILD A HOME.

HOMES FOR SALE—I will build any style house you want on any of my lots and sell on monthly payments. Now is the time to look for a home and stop paying rent, as property is advancing very rapidly in our city, and in five, six or eight years you can own your own home.
J. T. [illegible]
1t 20 and 21 Pixley & Long Block.

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR [illegible] PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence, [illegible] street. Specialty—Diseases of women. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 9 a. m.; from 1 p. m. to 3 p. m. Telephone No. 476.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums from $100 to $10,000. Reasonable interest. Notes bought and sold. City and farm property sold and exchanged. Sell houses on monthly payments; sell lots $10 cash and $5 per month. 40 acres good land, with 7 room house, $1,400, $50 cash and $10 per month; 5-room house, $900, and a 4-room house, $1,000, $25 cash and $10 per month; also 5 acres, 1½ miles from city, price $900; good sandy land, easy payments.
[illegible]
jt4 tt Rooms 26 Bank Block.

MONEY TO LOAN—The Tri-State Building and Loan Association will loan you money to pay a mortgage or build you a home at a less rate than anyone else. Do not pay rent or a high rate of interest when you can get the money of the Tri-State Building and Loan Association at a low rate and on such easy terms. One thousand dollars at $12, $14 or $17 per month, to suit borrower. Call at the office of the Association, rooms 12 and 14 Pixley and Long block, and secure full particulars. 27-6t

LAKESIDE—The building season of 1892, now about to close, has seen many handsome improvements in beautiful Lakeside. Nearly 150 people are already residents of that pretty suburb. The coming year is likely to surpass all others in the number of new and beautiful homes that will be erected. Get your plans ready at once. You can make a better contract early in the winter than late in the spring. The Land company will loan you money with which to buy a lot and build. You can pay back in small monthly installments. 31-6t

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums of $100 to $10,000, Lowest rates and easiest terms. Mortgage notes and commercial paper bought and sold.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

New 7-room dwelling, W. Superior st.,	$1,400
Nice 5-room dwelling, Burgess st.,	1,100
Choice 8-room dwelling, E. Wayne st.,	3,700
New 5-room dwelling, Archer ave.,	1,000

City and suburban property, lots, farms, additions, farms, business chances, etc., for sale and exchange. J. F. Curtice, Rooms 3 and 4 White Bank Building. Oct 26-tf

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!
Stop Paying Rent! Own Your Home!
If you want money to buy a home,
or to pay off a mortgage,
or to improve your property,
or to help you in any way,
Come to the
Allen Co. Loan & Savings Association.
Rooms 1 and 2 White's Block, [illegible]

RAILWAY RUMBLINGS.

Brief Sketch of the New Grand Secretary of the B. L. F.

The Local and Personal Gossip of the Shops as Revealed by the Reporter's Note Book.

Frank W. Arnold, the newly elected grand secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, is a native of Columbus, Ohio, and began his railroad services as a "starter" on the Louisville city railway, at Louisville, Ky. He remained with this company until he became superintendent of its lines. In 1869 he returned to Columbus, Ohio, and became a brakeman on what is now known as the Pan Handle railroad. Eventually he became a fireman on the Chicago, St. Louis and Pittsburg railroad. During three years of service in this capacity he took up the study of law and was finally admitted to the bar. He practiced law in Ohio until 1879, when he was elected to the position of grand master of the Brotherhood, having joined the order in 1876.

He served in this office for ten years, and since his retirement has been engaged in business in Chicago. His services with the order, and after his retirement to be again elected to office is direct proof of the esteem in which he is held by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. During Mr. Debs' thirteen years of service as grand secretary and treasurer of the order, wonderful changes have taken place. From an order of 1,500 members it has grown to the enormous membership of over 30,000. When Mr. Debs was appointed to the position in June, 1880, the grand offices were removed from Indianapolis to Terre Haute. The office furniture at that time consisted of a wagon load and was placed in a small room at the home of Mr. Debs. For three years the work of the order was conducted in that room. But under the persistent and determined efforts of Mr. Debs the brotherhood increased in membership and financial prosperity. New offices were secured, and from despondency bordering on utter ruin the order has steadily prospered until its standing, financial and otherwise, is equal to that of any railroad organization in America

PREPARING FOR THE FAIR.

The world's fair test of the capacity of the railways will be a severe one and will probably remain for years to come to mark the carrying capacity of the railways of the United States. Every road that will be concerned at all in handling world's fair business is making preparations and all the car shops and locomotive shops in the United States are filled with new rolling stock. Many of the railway companies are laying double tracks and all of them are increasing their passenger and freight traffic facilities.

The Wabash has increased its passenger equipment 10 per cent. in anticipation of world's fair business and its locomotive equipment 5 per cent. All the cars owned by the company have been repaired and are in a condition for daily continuous service for the six months of the fair. The Wabash has improved its roadbed, too, by ballasting, so as to make fast time.

The Nickel Plate has been double-tracked at many places and a large number of new locomotives and cars are being made.

The Baltimore and Ohio, too, is double-tracking the Pittsburg and Western division and, when the work is finished, its fast Chicago-New York trains will go that way, reducing the time four hours. The Baltimore and Ohio has ordered 150 new coaches and fifty new engines.

The Vanderbilt lines—the Michigan Central, Lake Shore and New York Central—will all be fully equipped. The Big Four, the Monon, the Grand Trunk, the Illinois Central, the Pennsylvania and all the other great railways that make Chicago the great railway center of the world will make extensive preparations.

In the United States there are 2,000 railway corporations. Twenty-one railway systems terminate in Chicago. The vast territory they span will be their harvest field next summer.

The terminal station at the fair is now being built and will be finished April 1. Together with other terminal facilities it will cost $350,000. The interlocking system of handling trains will be used.

BRIEF MENTION.

Boilermaker James Murphy is out hunting rabbits today.

F. J. Berger, of the Pittsburg boiler shop, is sick and off duty.

William Shaffer, an employe of the Pittsburg planing mills, is on the sick list.

The new snow plow was sent out on the Pittsburg this morning, following No. 37.

Fred Prageler is at his desk again in the Standard wheel office, after a few days illness.

Chris Nahwald is at Huntington repairing a boiler for the Light and Fuel company of that city.

Machinist Fred Snyder, of the Pittsburg shops, will go to Sturgis, Mich., tomorrow to visit friends.

Saturday is pay day at the factories of Rhinesmith & Simonson and Anthony Wayne company.

On account of the storm, fifteen of the employes of the Pittsburg lumber yards are not working today.

Owen Barry and his gang of blacksmiths are idle today on account of their furnace being out of order.

Sam Wass, jr., returned to his work in Rhinesmith & Simonson's factory, this morning. He has been sick.

E. J. Crane, of Kalamazoo, Mich., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. John Kestsinger, of East Washington street.

James Burns, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, who has been sick two weeks, returned to his work this morning.

D. B. Moore returned from Ohio yesterday and this morning resumed work in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop. Some time ago Mr. Moore had the misfortune to have one of his fingers cut off and has just recovered from the accident.

Senator and Mrs. Mitchell, of Wisconsin, were passengers on No. 2, the Pittsburg limited, this morning, bound for Washington.

Frank Mannix, William Cherry, L. H. Misner and Dennis Cleary, machinists employed by the Pittsburg, are on the sick list today.

Eli Sutton, a wood turner, has removed with his family to Van Wert, Ohio. He has accepted a position in one of the shops of that city.

C. Stahl, Gus Wolford, W. J. Thrasher and M. Hawley, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, are off duty, presumably on account of sickness.

Engineer Frank Davis, of the Nickel Plate, and Mrs. Davis, who were here visiting friends a few days, have returned to their home in Stony Island.

The Erie Car Works company, of Erie, Pa., has made a complete failure and its financial affairs are in a hopeless tangle. The liabilites are upwards of $1,000,000.

The Pittsburg boilershop is awaiting material for six class X engine boilers, which is unaccountably delayed. Yesterday the material for one of the boilers arrived.

The collision between Chicago and Eastern Illinois and Chicago and Erie passenger trains at Fifty-fifth street, Chicago, has resulted in thirteen suits for damages, aggregating $61,000.

The Pennsylvania company will erect a new bridge over the Ohio river at Cincinnati early in the spring. It will be of a sufficient width for two roadways and two foot walks for pedestrians.

No. 37, the Crestline accommodation, was delayed over an hour this morning, waiting for an engine. Her regular engine was taken to help haul No. 25 to Chicago, which ran as a double-header.

George Kellogg and James Palmer have been transferred from the east shops to the lumber yards of the Pennsylvania company on Lafayette street. F. Herber, of the latter department, has been sent to the east shops.

William Bremmer, clerk at Fred Eribaum's paint and wall paper establishment, was today married to Miss Sophia Zwick, daughter of an Adams county farmer and a cousin to H. Witte, the oiler in the Pittsburg car shop.

"Will Tigar is not a candidate for postmaster," said a warm friend of that gentleman this morning, "and you can say so in your paper tonight. We are going to bring his name before the democracy of Allen for a place on the county ticket when the time for such work arrives."

The bridge over the Wabash river at Peru on the Lake Erie and Western slipped its mooring on the south end. The span is from three to six inches out of plumb, and no trains were run over it. Passengers are transferred at the point from north to south bound trains causing serious delays.

Pittsburg round house report: Engineers B. F. Campbell and J. Lamar, sick; Firemen G. V. Vanersdale, C. C. Miller and W. H. Webster, sick; Fireman W. Hine, attending funeral of sister's child. Those who reported for duty are Engineers G. Sweeney, W. H. Oates and W. Kahoe, Firemen J. H. Traver, F. Lewis and H. L. Holston.

Invitations to the wedding of D. Frank Crawford and Miss Nellie Moore are now in the hands of the printer and will be sent out to the friends of the prospective bride and groom in a few days. The ceremony will take place at the home of the bride's parents, in Altoona, Pa., on the 14th inst. Mr. Crawford is assistant master mechanic of the Pennsylvania shops at this place and Crestline.

William H. Meyers, foreman of the Bass machine shops, is today attending the funeral, at Geoglion, of Frederick Buhe, father of Mrs. Meyers. Those relatives of the deceased who are in attendance at the funeral from other towns are Mr. and Mrs. Herman Trimmer, their married daughter, Mrs. Mider, and two grandchildren, of Indianapolis; William Geisler and Mrs. Adam White, of Columbia City.

The Testimonials

Published on behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla are as reliable and as worthy your confidence, as if they came from your best and most trusted neighbor. They state only the simple facts in regard to what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done, always within truth and reason.

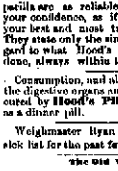
Consumption, and all troubles with the digestive organs and the liver, are cured by Hood's Pills. Unequalled as a dinner pill.

Weighmaster Ryan has been on the sick list for the past few days.

THE OLD WAY

Is to take pills when you are constipated or bilious, but they don't go down easy, and when they get down there's a shudder. The better way is to take Simmons' Liver Regulator, nature's own remedy, purely vegetable, in liquid or powder form. You can take a pinch of the powder on the tongue and with a sup of water swallow it without taste. The Regulator tones up the digestive organs and prevents Indigestion and Constipation.

Charles Saibt, has returned from Dixon, Ohio, where he repaired an engine for the State Line Hoop and Lumber company.



Strikes at the root—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That's the reason so many different diseases and disorders yield to it. They all have the same beginning—there's a torpid liver or impure blood. And they all have the same ending—they're cured, by this remedy.

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness; the most obstinate Skin and Scalp Diseases, such as Salt-rheum, Tetter, Erysipelas, Eczema and kindred ailments; the worst forms of Scrofula—even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its earlier stages; every blood-taint and disorder, no matter how it came—all are cured by it.

It's the only medicine for all such diseases that's so positively certain in its effects that it can be guaranteed. If it fails to benefit or cure, in any case, the money is refunded.

Nothing else can be "just as good." It may be better—for the dealer. But he isn't the one who needs help. Beware of spurious imitations or dilutions, offered at low prices.

A THRILLING SCENE.

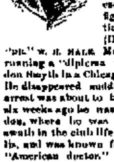
Heroic Rescue of Three Women by Fireman O'Keefe of New York.

The heroism of New York firemen is proverbial. What might have been the noblest case of self-sacrifice on record was almost consummated in that city last week. A fire broke out in the store of Max Stahl, who, with his family, occupied the flat above. On the third floor lived Mrs. Abrahams, 85; her daughter, Mrs. Getz, and Mrs. Getz's daughter. The smoke from the burning paint filled the atmosphere, and when the women attempted to escape they found it impossible to do so. A moment after the fire broke out a train on the Second Avenue Elevated road left the Fifty-seventh Street station on its way uptown. In the rear car of the train was Patrick H. O'Keefe, who is attached to Hook and Ladder Truck No. 15. He saw the fire, and, as the train was passing the building, caught sight of Mrs. Abrahams, Mrs. Getz and her daughter at the third-story window, calling for help. O'Keefe ran to the front platform of the car, and, pulling the gate open, sprang off onto the narrow board walk, at the side of the track. He then ran back to the Fifty-seventh Street Station and dashed down the stairs. A minute later he was in front of the burning building. A policeman had just placed a step-ladder from the sidewalk to the narrow shed over the store door and was part way up it. O'Keefe called him down, and, mounting the step-ladder to the shed hauled the ladder up after him. Placing it on the roof of the shed, which is only about four feet wide, he made his way up to the window where he had seen the women. They had disappeared. Making his way into the room he groped his way through the thick smoke to the rear room. There he found Mrs. Abrahams lying on the floor nearly suffocated. He carried her to the front window. By this time the fire apparatus summoned by the alarm were at the scene. Firemen Hanbury and Devin of the truck placed a thirty-five foot ladder up to the window and ran up to assist O'Keefe. Giving the unconscious woman into Hanbury's care O'Keefe and Devin went into the rooms for the two other women. The younger woman was clad only in her nightdress and was nearly frantic with fright. O'Keefe took Mrs. Getz in his arms and carried her down the ladder, while Devin followed him with Miss Getz. The three women were taken to the rooms occupied by Mrs. Abrahams' son, but it was some time before Mrs. Abrahams recovered. A medal for extraordinary bravery awaits O'Keefe.

IN AN ENGLISH PRISON.

The Notorious "Dr." Hale at Last Behind the Bars of a Penitentiary.

Late English cable dispatches are to the effect that "Dr." W. H. Hale, alias John Murphy, alias Dr. Gordon Smyth, the expert counterfeiter and swindler, has been sentenced in Liverpool to eighteen months at hard labor. "Dr." Hale is wanted on nearly one hundred charges in this country and for ten years United States officers have been looking for him. Several times he has been almost within the clutches of the law but always managed to escape. In 1882 he figured for a short time in Evanston (Ill.) society as Dr. Murray Hale while running a "diploma mill" as Dr. Gordon Smyth in a Chicago office building. He disappeared suddenly just as his arrest was about to be made. About six weeks ago he was located in London, where he was cutting a wide swath in the club life of the metropolis, and was known familiarly as the "American doctor." He again suddenly disappeared and with him a large amount of jewelry. He was arrested in Liverpool with the jewelry in his possession, as he was about to embark for America. After his sentence has expired he will be extradited.



"DR." W. H. HALE.

ON THE MIGHTY YUKON.

A Traveler's Description of the Country Around the Great River.

J. W. Black, up to the time of his departure a teller in the First National bank of Fairhaven, and Henry Wirth, another prominent young man of that city, returned recently from one of the most remarkable trips ever made into the interior of Alaska, says the Chicago Times. They were gone seven months, most of which time was spent in traversing the great valley of the Yukon, from the headwaters of that mighty river in the northwest territory entirely across Alaska to Behring Sea.

The story of their trip is well calculated to dispel many of the illusions which the roseate reports of the great commercial and transportation companies interested in Alaska have had a tendency to create, not as regards the scenic glories either of the interior or the coast, but as to the extent and value of the gold discoveries and the conditions of life in the vast valley of the Yukon. In a conversation Mr. Black said:

"You ask about the Yukon. It is a mighty river, 2,700 miles long, I am told, and I know it is fifteen miles wide at Fort Yukon, 1,600 miles above its mouth, and that its average width from there to Behring Sea is fully four miles. It is ninety miles wide at its mouth. It is navigable for over 2,000 miles from June 1 to October 1, though there is some floating ice during part of this time. Its current runs at the rate of six or seven miles an hour. The valley is very grand in places, and in others is as dreary and utterly desolate as you can imagine. For 400 miles above the river's mouth it is absolutely treeless, the only vegetation being moss and swamp grass. Further up there is a dense growth of scrubby timber, ball pine and spruce. In places even up as far as Fort Yukon the valley is fully 200 miles wide.

"It abounds in game—moose, caribou and bear, while during the short summer there are myriads of geese, ducks and swan, so plentiful that we killed many of them with clubs to save ammunition. Though there is frost there every month in the year, the mercury at midday in summer sometimes rises as high as 110 degrees in the shade. The great valley is practically uninhabited except by Indians, and the climatic conditions are such that it is never likely to be populated by white people.

"There are many good Indians, those in the interior being tall, well formed and of much finer appearance than the ones we see about here. The Jananas living far up on the Janana river, which, by the way, is a large, navigable tributary of the Yukon, but is not on the maps, are a wild, fierce tribe, among whom the missionaries have never yet ventured. Some of the missionaries have undoubtedly done a good deal of good, but it seems to be the general opinion up there that most of them are on the make and gladly profit by opportunities to sell the natives bibles and other articles of Christian make at astoundingly low prices.

"Of course I am ready to admit that Alaska, as a whole, is a great country in point of size, and it undoubtedly has great resources, but in my opinion most of the published accounts of its attractions and riches are very highly colored to suit the great trading and transportation companies which have large interests there."

ELIZABETH AND ISABELLA.

Authorities to Show That the Two Names Are One and the Same.

A correspondent of the London Spectator points out that Isabella and Elizabeth are the same. He says that this fact may be found in Prescott's history of Ferdinand and Isabella. Speaking (vol. 3, p. 159) of Queen Isabella he alludes to her illustrious namesake, Elizabeth of England, and appends the note, Isabel, the name of the Catholic queen, is correctly rendered into English by that of Elizabeth.

"If we look to documents of the age of Isabel of Spain we find that in Latin she is Elizabeth. A book of Latin verses in her praise was published in the Netherlands in 1497, 'Ad divam Helisabet * * * reginam Epodon lib 1;' and Isabella (or Elizabeth) wife of Philip IV. of Spain is described in Italian in an account of her funeral in 1645, as D. Elizabella Borbone. There is a book published at Brussels in 1622, written by Le Mire, entitled 'Isabellae Sanctae; Elisabetta Joannis Bapt. mater, Isabella regina Portugalliae, Isabella S. Lud. Galliae regis soror.'

"How the Elizabeth of the New testament came to be changed in Spanish into Isabel is a distinct question," the correspondent goes on to say, "on which I will only venture to suggest that the Spaniards at an early age (Ysabel is found in print as early as 1486) must have supposed the El to be their article, and therefore discarded, it, leaving Isabet, and then, by a curious law of pronunciation, of which many examples may be found, put l in the place of t. Thus Madrid is sometimes written Madril.'"

To the foregoing the editor of the Spectator remarks:

"May we suggest a totally different origin for the name? Is not 'Isabella' simply a bad spelling for 'Alsea bella,' 'pretty Ayesha?' 'Ayesha' properly 'Aisa,' must have been the name of thousands of Moorish women in Spain."

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2—Closing 1:15 p. m.

Wheat, Feb., 73⅛c; May, 77¼c; July, 77c.

Corn, Feb., 43⅛c; May, 47⅞c; July, 47¼c.

Oats, Feb., 31; May, 35@¾.

Pork, Feb., $19.75; May, $19.25.

Lard, Feb., $11.20; May, $11.20; July, $11.10.

UNION STOCK YARDS, Ill., Feb. 2—Cattle, receipts 11,000; strong, 10 cents higher.

Hogs, receipts, 20,000; strong, 10 cts. higher; heavy, $7.90@$8.50; mixed and medium, $7.80@$8.20; light, $7.50@$7.95.

Sheep, receipts 6,000; firm, 5 cents higher.

Lambs, 10 cents higher.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Feb. 3.—Close—Wheat, cash, 72½c; Feb., 72½c; May, 77½c.

Corn, cash, 44½c; May, 47c.

Oats, cash, 36c.

Rye, cash, 55c.

Cloverseed, Feb. $9.10 bid; March, $9.15.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Sugar, refined quiet and steady; cut loaf and crushed, 5 31-100@¼; extra fine granulated, 4 81-100@5; cubes and mould A, 4 94-100@5¼c.

Coffee, spot, firmer; No. 7, 18c.

Butter, dull and easy; creamery state tubs, fall made, best, 25@28; western separator extras, 29½@30.

Cheese, steady.

Eggs, quiet but steady; state fresh choice, 31c.

SHARPS AND FLATS.

"The Temptation of St. Anthony" is the title of an opera by Ghio.

Charles Alfred Byrne has sold his new opera "Venus" to George W. Lederer.

The Boston music critics are doing their best to drive Arthur Nikisch out of the city.

Senor Rafael Diaz Albertina, the violin virtuosa, has decided to make New York his permanent home as a soloist and teacher.

Sir Arthur Sullivan is in the Riviera, with a libretto by W. S. Gilbert, but is hardly well enough to do anything with it at present.

Another singer who used to be a favorite at the Metropolitan during Mr. Stanton's regime is now judged beneath all criticism in Europe. Herr Heinrich Gudehus recently appeared at the Aix-la-Chapelle Opera House, and the critics declare sadly that his voice is merely a remnant of its olden tenor sweetness.

Medical Testimony.

W. Thornton Parker, M. D., Recorder, Association of Acting Assistant Surgeons, of the U. S. Army, writes:

"SALEM, Mass., March 23, 1891.

"When at Stuttgart, Germany, during the winter of 1881-82, I was suffering from a severe attack of bronchitis, which seemed to threaten pneumonia. I met, at the Hotel Marquardt, Commander Beardslee, of the United States navy. In speaking of my sickness he remarked: 'Doctor you can cure that chief trouble of yours by using an Allcock's Porous Plaster.' 'That may be true,' I answered; 'but where can I get the plaster?' 'Anywhere in the civilized world, and surely here in Stuttgart. Whenever I have a cold, I always use one and find relief.' I went to the drug store for the plaster, and it did all my friend had promised. Ever since then I have used it whenever suffering from a cold, and I have many times prescribed it for patients.

"The ALLCOCK'S PLASTER is the best to be had and has saved many from severe illness, and undoubtedly, if used promptly, will save many valuable lives. Whenever one has a severe cold they should put on an ALLCOCK'S PLASTER as soon as possible. It should be placed across the chest, the upper margin just below the neck; some hot beef tea or milk will aid in the treatment.

"This is not a patent remedy in the objectionable sense of the term, but a standard preparation of value. The government supplies for the U. S. army and Indian hospital stores contain Allcock's Plasters, and the medical profession, throughout the world are well aware of their reliability and excellence. I shall always recommend it, not only to break up colds, but as useful in allaying pains in the chest and in the back. It is a preparation worthy of general confidence."

MY WIFE SAYS SHE CAN'T GET ENOUGH OF SANTA CLAUS SOAP
YOUR WIFE WANTS IT TOO.
MADE ONLY BY N. K. FAIRBANK & Co. CHICAGO.
SANTA CLAUS SOAP
SOAP

Sheriff's Sale.

Execution No. 12,591.

In the Allen circuit court, state of Indiana.

Mary Meyer vs. John H. Meyer.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of said court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in said county, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock p. m., of the 25th day of February, 1893, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described premises, viz:

The west half of out lot number six (6), Lillie's out lots being in section twelve (12), township thirty (30) north, range twelve (12) east, in Allen county, Indiana.

And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the fee simple of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said execution.

EDWARD F. CLAUSMEIER,
Sheriff Allen County.

26-1-3
C. W. Edsall attorney.

OTTO G. KLINKENBERG, Druggist,
90 AND 90 1-2 CALHOUN STREET.

Has secured from the manufacturers the EXCLUSIVE AGENCY for the sale of

TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢ [illegible]

in the city of Ft. Wayne.

Souvenir PLAYING CARDS given free to smokers of TANSILL'S PUNCH, pronounced to be absolutely the BEST FIVE-CENT CIGAR MADE.

THE R. W. TANSILL CO., Manufacturers,
NEW YORK, CHICAGO, SAN FRANCISCO.

One agent—dealer only—wanted in every town (or if a city, neighborhood).
oct.31-d-2 mo.

NEW LIFE.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of Brain, causing insanity, misery, decay, death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Impotency, Leucorrhoea and all Female Weaknesses, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhoea caused by over-exertion of brain. [illegible]

[illegible] Druggists and Sole Agents, 94 Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

The Paper on Which "The Sentinel" is Printed is Furnished by
FISHER BROTHERS,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
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Shirts to Order.
A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.
P. G. KUTTNER,
144 Calhoun Street.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane society by telephoning or writing such information to [illegible] Road, corner Wayne and Barr Sts., [illegible] 11-1wk

Paid Up Stock in the Tri-State.

Paid up stock is sold at $100 per share. Attached to the certificates are interest coupons; one of which is payable every six months. The stock pays six per cent. annual interest and, as it may participate in other profits of the company, it is not taxable.

No membership fee is charged the purchaser of this stock and the stock may be returned at any time and your money drawn out, with interest to date of withdrawal.

The purchaser of stock is absolutely safe—more so than the depositor in any bank can possibly be, as the money received by the Tri-State is not loaned upon individual endorsements, but is loaned on first mortgage, on choice city real estate, at not more than 60 per cent. of the actual cash value of such property.

The Tri-State is nearly four years old. It now has loaned on first mortgages, the enormous sum of about one million dollars. In all its business it has never lost so much as a single cent. It stands today the strongest financial institution in Fort Wayne. Its present income largely exceeds that of any bank in the city, while its operating expenses are scarcely a quarter as much. Its Board of Directors and its officers are men who command public confidence in the highest degree.

Fruit House Prices for 1893.

There has taken place some remarkable revolutions in the prices of merchandise the past year, and which is most likely to continue for some time to come. As a rule the tendency, with the exception of pork and potatoes, has favored the consumer. Flour is remarkably cheap. With flour at $3.50 per bbl. and potatoes at 80c per bushel, it is easily determined which is the most economical. Flour, in many instances, will be much more used than formerly. So in pork and beef. When pork reaches the price it has now, beef will be more used.

The same rule applies in Tea and Coffee. Coffee has ruled high of late years, more from speculation than the scarcity, and the high price has increased very greatly the consumption of Tea, for Teas have not advanced for several years, but rather have declined. The higher grade Teas which formerly sold at $1.00 per lb., can be had for 50c per lb., running down to 15c per lb. But in Teas, the best quality is usually the more satisfactory in the end. Although we sell a good high flavored Young Hyson at 20c lb.

TEA PRICE LIST.

Young Hyson, good, 25c; extra, 35c; best, 50c.
Imperial tea, choice, 35c; best 50c.
English breakfast, extra, 30c; best, 50c.
Gunpowder Tea, extra, 30c; best, 50c.
Oolong or black tea, good, 25c; extra, 30c; best, 50c
Japan, uncolored, 25c; good, 30; best, 50c.
Tea dust, 1 pound packages, 15c.

SUGARS—Orleans and Refined.

The Sugar market has kept very steady. The combination that now controls the market will no doubt keep them about as they are. Prices are so low that no complaints are heard on that head, but people do complain about a system of monopoly which has made it possible for a set of men to control the price of sugar or anything else which the people use, yet this is just what is now being done. The people are absolutely at their mercy and the monopoly can put the price up or down at their pleasure. The only relief to be had from such a state of affairs is not to try and regulate them and control them by such sham measures as inter state commerce, etc. The remedy is to wipe out their charters. This will abolish all such combinations and place mankind on an equal footing. Sugar prices at present are:

New Orleans, good yellow, 4c.
Standard Granulated, 5c.
White American C, 4½c.
New Orleans, clarified, 5c.
Crushed and Powdered, 5½c.
Good Brown Sugar, 3½c.

Coffees Remain at Same Price as Former Report.

Green Rio, 18c; best Rio, 20c.
Best Roasted Rio, in 1b. packages, such as Simpson, Jersey and McLaughlin's, 25c.
Old Government Java, green, 27c.
High Arabia Mocha, green, 30c.
Choice roasted Rio, loose, per lb., 25c.
Old Government, roasted, 33c.
High Mocha, roasted, 35c.

CANNED GOODS.

Such as Tomatoes and Corn, are higher this season in consequence of the short pack of last season. Other goods no higher.

Standard 3 lb Tomatoes, 10c can.
3 lb can Baltimore Peaches, 25c can.
2 lb Peas, 15c can.
Standard 2 lb Corn, 10c; best, 15c can.
3 lb choice Pie Peaches, 10c can.
String Beans, 8c can.

California Canned Goods and Dried Fruits.

3 pound can California Peaches, best, 25c; Egg Plums, 20c; White Cherries, 25; Apricots, 20c; Green Gages, 25c; all in 3 pound cans and most excellent fruit.
California Dried Peaches, 16c; best, 18c; best Peeled Peaches, 25c; Apricots, 18c; California Raisins, best, 12c and 15c; but we have on No. 1 loose California Raisin, for cooking, at a great bargain, 8c pound.

CANDIES—The Prices Remain as in Last Report.

Pure Stick, 8c lb; Good Extra Mixed Frotten, 8c lb; Bon Bons, very choice, 12½c lb; Chocolate Drops and Jubs, 15 and 20c lb. We have a large assortment and all pure sugar goods.

OILS—Linseed, Castor and Neats Foot.

Best Golden Oil, 30c gal.
Fish Oil, 60c gal.
Neatsfoot Oil, 75c gal.
Coal Oil, 10c gal.
Good Machine Oil, 20c gal.
Best Castor Oil, $1.20 gal.
Boiled Linseed Oil, 60c gal.
Water White Oil, gal., 15c.

Plug and Smoking Tobacco and Cigars.

Horse Shoe Plug, 40c lb.
[illegible] Plug, [illegible]
Durham Smoking, 60c lb.
Mail Pouch Smoking, 25c lb.
Cigars from 75c to $1.25 box.
American Bell, 75c box.
Clara, 65c box.
Plantation, $1.25 box.
J. T. Plug, 35c lb.
Zano Plug, 25c lb.
Briar Smoking, 25c lb.
Sweet Conqueror Smoking, 20c lb.
Harvest Gem, 40c box.
Jim and Fatty, $1.25 box.
Sport, 50c box.
All good smokers.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.

Best Pure Vermont Maple Syrup, 80 gal.
Extra Golden Drips, 35c gal.
New Orleans Molasses, 25c; best, 40c gal.
Sorghum, very nice, home made, 40c gal.
Sweet Cider from last fall apples, 25c gal.

Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes Only.

We handle nothing but Pure Domestic Wines—no Foreign goods.
Kelly Island Catawba, best goods, 80c gal.
California, Angelica, very fine, $1.25 gal.
Kentucky Bourbon, $1.40 and $1.50 gal.
Bourbon Malts, two years old, $1.40 and $1.75.
Gin and Catawba Brandy, $1.75 gal.
Port Wine from Kelly Island, $1.25 gal.
California, Muscatel, best, $1.25 gal.
Alcohol, full proof and pure, $2.75 gal.
Old [illegible] gal; One-Year-Old Rye, $1.00 gal.
Scotch Ale, London and Dublin Porter, 20c bottle.
Wine in Bottles, 30 and 40c bottle.

FLOUR

Never has sold as low as now; the rise will surely take place soon; best lay in an extra barrel or two while there is a chance. You cannot loose anything by it, and you have everything to gain by the market going up.

Best quality Gold or City Mills, either in barrels or sacks, $4.50 per bbl.
No. 1 Country Mills Flour, Zanesville Mills, $3.50 per bbl.
People will remember paying 20 years ago, $4.50 for a 50 lb. sack, and at $5.00 flour has always been considered away down. Don't be too late in securing a barrel or two at the price, $3.70.

You Will be Sure to Save a Good 20 Per Cent. by Purchasing at

FORT WAYNE FRUIT HOUSE.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time

AS FOLLOWS:

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

FROM FT. WAYNE TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Valparaiso and Chicago	* 1.25 a m	* 5.40 a m
New York and Washington	* 2.20 a m	* 1.15 a m
Youngstown & Pittsburg	* 5.25 a m	* 1.15 a m
Lima and Crestline	† 7.00 a m	† 6.35 p m
Valparaiso and Chicago	† 7.00 a m	† 12.30 p m
Plymouth and Chicago	* 9.15 a m	* 4.30 p m
Valparaiso and Chicago	† 12.10 p m	† 10.00 p m
Canton and Pittsburg	† 12.40 p m	† 11.30 a m
New York & Washington	* 1.25 p m	* 5.40 a m
Pittsburg & Philadelphia	* 4.30 p m	* 5.40 a m
Warsaw and Plymouth	† 4.40 p m	† 8.45 a m
Valparaiso and Chicago	* 6.05 p m	* 7.50 p m
New York & Washington	* 6.00 p m	* 4.50 p m
Pittsburg & Philadelphia	* 8.00 p m	* 4.35 p m
New York & Washington	* 9.40 p m	* 7.30 a m
Pittsburg & Philadelphia	* 9.00 p m	* 7.30 a m
Valparaiso & Chicago, arr. except Mon.		1.35 a m

CINCINNATI, WABASH & MICHIGAN RY.
(The Big Four Line.)

Trains leave Warsaw going north. Trains leave Wabash going south.

No. 1, 8.38 p m ... No. 2, 11.23 p m
No. 3, 11.30 a m ... [illegible]

W. R. BALDWIN, G. P. and T. A.,
Wabash, Ind.
Sunday only.

FORT WAYNE.
Schedule of Aug. 28, 1892.

[illegible]

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

[illegible]

[illegible] Passenger and Ticket Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind.

NICKEL PLATE.
The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.

Effective Oct. 23rd, 1892. Arrive. Depart.

Cleveland & Buffalo Fast, east [illegible]
Cleveland & Buffalo Ex. east [illegible]
Local Freight, east [illegible]
Chicago Passenger, west [illegible]
Chicago Express, west [illegible]
Local Freight, west [illegible]

Chicago Express daily except Monday.
Other trains daily except Sunday.
Buffet Sleeping Cars on Express Trains.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

Time Table for Ft. Wayne, in Effect Dec. 11, 1892

[illegible]

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN Railway.—Fort Wayne Branch.

[illegible]

FT. W., C. & L. R. R.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.
In Effect July 27, 1892.

[illegible] Ft. Wayne & Connersville [illegible] New Castle & Rochester DIRECT CONNECTIONS to and from all points in the United States & Canada.

[illegible]

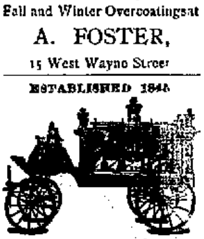
For tickets, rates and general information call on [illegible]

[illegible] Ticket Agent, Ft. W., C. & L. Railroad.

M. C. PARKER, Traffic Manager. [illegible]
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

NOBBY
Fall - Styles
—IN—
Worsted Suitings,
Scotch Cheviots,
Landau Novelties in
Fine Trowserings,
Fancy Vestings.
Fall and Winter Overcoatings at
A. FOSTER,
15 West Wayne Street

ESTABLISHED 1845



J. C. PELTIER.
17 W. Wayne St.
Office Telephone, No. 2[illegible].
Residence Telephone, No. 2[illegible].

ROBERT SPICE.
WATERWORKS AND GENERAL - PLUMBING!
Natural Gas Fitting.
A full line of waterworks and plumbing goods, Pumps, Wind Mills and Drive Wells.
48 W. Main St. - Telephone 261

E. KRAMER,
SIGN PAINTER.
90 EAST MAIN STREET.
Plain and Fast work. Cheapest [illegible] the city. [illegible]

Larger Quarters.
Better Accommodations
—AND—
More Private.

THE
BUFFINGTON
INSTITUTE,
For the cure of
Liquor, Morphine and Tobacco Habit,
Has been moved to
544 South Calhoun St.

Where patients can be treated and cured. Any one can be treated and attend to their daily occupation at the same time.

Men that have been slaves to the use of alcoholic stimulants for the past ten, fifteen or twenty years, have no desire for whisky after taking the treatment for from thirty-six to forty-eight hours, and have a fearful horror for the miserable fate they have escaped.

Call or address,
BUFFINGTON INSTITUTE,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

I have removed to
Corner Lewis and
Calhoun Streets (opposite Library Hall).

James Madden,
Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as trustee of Adolph Schulte, will, on Tuesday, February 7, 1893, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., and from day to day thereafter between the same hours until sold, at No. [illegible] South Calhoun street, in the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, sell at public sale, the entire stock of hardware, tinware, glass, paints, oils and other articles of property, including store fixtures, stoves, furniture, etc., situate in said building, property which was assigned by said Adolph Schulte to me, as trustee, which property will be sold in bulk or parcels.

Terms of sale—Cash or upon credit, for a period not exceeding one year; purchasers executing for purchase money notes with approved sureties, waiving valuation and appraisement laws, bearing six per cent. interest from date.

I reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Until said Feb. 7, 1893, I will sell any of said property at private sale, and I will also, on said 7th day of February, 1893, between said hours offer for sale, at public sale, the following described real estate: Lot numbered [illegible] in [illegible] addition to the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, and subject to the payment of mortgage for [illegible], existing thereon, on following terms:

One-third cash, one-third in six months and one-third in one year. For deferred payments purchaser to execute notes with approved sureties, bearing six per cent interest.

Jan. 5, 1893. [illegible], Assignee.
31-4t

FOR RENT!
After January 1st, 1893.

For a Period of Five Or Ten Years.

The Five-Story Building next door to the Sentinel Office, on Calhoun St., Occupied by J. A. Armstrong, as a Wholesale Millinery Store.

CALL AT SENTINEL OFFICE

H. J. ASH'S

Elegant New Stove House is open. He is showing a large and handsome line of Stoves at lower prices than ever. It will do you good to examine his Bright New Stock of Kitchen Furnishing Goods. Store open every evening until 9 o'clock. If you are in need of a Stove or Kitchen Goods do not fail to see his stock all marked at bottom Cash Price.

16 EAST COLUMBIA STREET.

Hallo! Hallo!

Give me Heine & Israel, the Broadway Paper Men. I am sick and tired looking at my dirty walls, when they are almost giving wall paper away. Give them to me quick. They are practical paper hangers and painters and I know they will do me a good job. They will go anywhere in Fort Wayne and Allen county and hang paper. Don't forget the place.

HEINE & ISRAEL,
No. 118 Broadway. - Fort Wayne, Ind.

ROBERT OGDEN.
Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting. Metropolitan Automatic Injector.
General Repairing.
26 EAST BERRY ST.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON,
PLUMBERS,
Steam and Gas Fitter
48 East Main St.,
FORT WAYNE, - - - - - - - IND

WE WILL NOT INVOICE

UNTIL THE

LATTER PART OF NEXT WEEK.

Our Reduction Sales

Keep on Till Then.

THE GOOD LINENS Will be sold at the same low prices until inventory. The Towel Tables have been renewed by New Damask and Huck Towels. We want you to get your share. It don't come your way often.

Some of the best things in this Cheap Linen stock are the Lunch Cloths, Dresser Scarfs—those Dainty Little Mats. There are just Napkins left of that big lot, at $3.28—3-4 Napkins—the Napkin Bargain of the sale.

Gentlemen!

Have another week to get at the bargains in Suitings, Pantings, Overcoatings, Etc. We make Marked Reductions here.

IMPORTANT!

In addition to the already unusual attractions of this mammoth Linen Sale, we will offer a fine lot of Irish Cloths and Napkins to match. It is a make that stands high in Belfast. We bought this lot so we could sell them to you at 25 to 35 per cent. less than retail value.

Roller Toweling

In all Linen Crash, 4c.

10c Roller Toweling 8 1-2c.

See the Bleached we are giving at 9 and 11 1-2c.

One lot of Colored Border All Linen Sets, at $2.98, worth $3.50 and $4.00.

The Cloaks

Have had a lively week—we've done a big business. Something new—a big lot of

Cheviot Jackets!

We got hold of 3-4 Jackets in Navy and Black—we add them to the sale, at $2.60 each.

Furs of all kinds at cost.

THIS IS A MONEY SAVING SALE.

There's a few left of those very fine Blankets we are giving at the LOW PRICE. Blankets are good all the time, and to get one of these is a lifetime item.

This is a time to buy LACES. You get everything in this department at a big reduction.

All Kid Gloves

During this sale sold at a reduction, a very choice line of Evening Shades in all lengths in stock.

All Toilet Articles

Reduced. Perfumery, Soaps, Face Powders, Etc.

Have You Been Up Among the Rugs?

ROOT & COMPANY.

The Columbia City Post says: "Dr. Metcalf, a prominent Twelfth district democrat, was in the city Monday visiting his friends and looking after his political interests. The doctor is an applicant for the position of postmaster of Fort Wayne."

Peter Pernot, of the Indianapolis Sentinel, was married at Mitchell, Ind., to Miss Nellie Stone, on Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Pernot is well known in Fort Wayne and formerly resided in this county.

Mr. R. E. Larrimer, of Milwaukee, representing the Milwaukee Harvester company, has arrived in this city and will make Fort Wayne his permanent home. Mr. Larrimer will establish general headquarters for the sale of his machines at the Ryan trucking stables and will supply agents from this point.

The "Happy Six" have about completed arrangements for their inaugural ball, which is to take place at Sons of Columbus hall on Tuesday evening, Feb. 7.

ATTEND THE

SLAUGHTER SALE

OF THE

ORIGINAL PETE STOCK

OF

CLOTHING, HATS

AND FURNISHING GOODS,

Now Being Sold at the

LOWEST PRICES Ever

Heard of, by

Sam, Pete & Max.

Fort Wayne Sentinel

THURSDAY, FEB. 2, 1893.

☞Persons Desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their homes can secure it by postal card, request, or order through telephone 173. Where delivery irregular or late, please make immediate complaint to the office.

Our Thermometer.

The position of the mercury between the hours of 7 a. m. and 2 p. m. was as follows:

7 a. m.........................15° above
10 a. m........................25° above
12 m...........................25° above
2 p. m.........................25° above

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2—Forecast till 8 p. m. Friday—For Indiana: Threatening weather and rain or snow: easterly winds, slightly warmer in extreme northern portion.

FRESH LOCAL LINES.

Mrs. C. D. Law is seriously ill.

Day Clerk Ernst, of the Aldine, is ill at the hotel.

Mrs. John D. Scudder, of Springfield, Ohio, is at the Aldine.

Miss Anna Collins has taken a position in Dr. S. B. Brown's dental office.

Miss Alice Campion has returned from a visit of several weeks at Logansport.

John W. Foley has purchased the property at 163 Clinton street, paying therefor $1,800.

H. J. Schuckman, who has been with Root & Co. for the past eighteen years, yesterday tendered his resignation.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gosholl, of this city, are rejoicing over a new girl baby. Mr. Grosholl is employed at the Fruit house.

Henry Briggman, who has been employed at the Karn music store, left today for New York to complete his studies in music.

The Bluffton News says: "Miss Minnie Fulton went to Fort Wayne today to begin another term's work in the Conservatory of Music."

Mr. and Mrs. George Patterson, of Crestline, Ohio, who have been visiting Mr. Patterson's mother, on West DeWald street, have returned to their home.

Ed. W. Miller, of South Wayne, is expected to be present at the Y. P. S. C. E. meeting of the Christian church tomorrow evening and deliver an address.

Dr. J. W. Younge returned from Ottawa, Ohio, this morning. The doctor lectured there Tuesday night on Pythianism for the benefit of the K. of P. lodge.

The "Hilarity" club gave their first annual reception and ball last evening, at the "Bob-o'-Link" club rooms on Calhoun street. Supper was served at the Rich hotel.

John Miller, an employe at the Diether saw mill on Pearl street, was injured yesterday. A band saw broke and struck his right leg, lacerating it frightfully. Dr. W. H. Myers dressed the wounds.

There will be a meeting of the members of the English Lutheran church of the Redeemer next Sunday evening immediately after the services. Officers will be elected and a call for a pastor will be made.

Mary, the fifteen-month-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Oesterman, of 207 East Washington street, died yesterday with brain fever. Funeral Saturday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Mary's Catholic church.

The Indiana Trotting and Pacing Horse association is holding its annual session at the state board of agriculture rooms at Indianapolis today. The meeting is one of unusual interest to horsemen. Fort Wayne will be represented.

Yesterday's Huntington Herald has the following: "Rumor has it that John Hutchinson, a dry goods merchant of Auburn Junction, and Miss Viola Richardson, of Fort Wayne, are in the city to be married. The ceremony, so the rumor goes, will take place tomorrow."

Col. A. T. Iatkeats has organized a "Boys' Brigade" at the Second Presbyterian church. The boys receive weekly drills in military tactics. The conditions of admission will be abstinence from tobacco, strong drinks, and regular attendance at divine service and Sunday school on the Sabbath.

At a called meeting of the board of directors of the Humane society, held in the office of T. E. Ellison yesterday afternoon, it was decided to have Mrs. Misner, one of the national organizers, begin an active canvass for funds. The society has a membership of about seventy at the present time. During the past year the organization has done much good. It is intended to hold a public mass meeting some time in the near future to arouse interest in the work. Mrs. Nora T. Gause will join Mrs. Misner in a week or so.

Tomorrow evening "The Silver King," one of the greatest melodramas of the age, will open an engagement at the Temple. The company which will produce it here is headed by Carl A. Haswin, who has appeared in the role of Wilfred Denver more than one thousand times. Mr. Haswin holds his audience by his powerful acting. As the living fugitive, as the stately "silver king," or as the pseudo idiot, striving to learn, by mingling with the desperadoes, the secret that shall make him a free man, his acting is masterly.

Mention was made of an elopement of a young lady of Toledo and a young man named Hubbard, known in this city, a few days ago. The young couple went to Cincinnati and the irate father sent after them. That the father has given up the chase is evident from the following, taken from the Toledo Bee: "Detective Kruse last night returned from Cincinnati, where he had gone to look for young Hubbard and Miss Dailey, the eloping couple, they having succeeded in getting away to Chicago, and the girl's father, desiring no further efforts to bring her back."

Mrs. Will McKinney was reported very ill yesterday, but is much better today.

The funeral of Florence, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb Eicher, was held this afternoon.

Mrs. Woods, of Superior street, yesterday fell at her residence and badly injured her hip.

Miss Anna Thain will give a private masquerade at her home on West Washington street, on the evening of the 10th.

There was one lone drunk at police court this morning, James McGuire, an old offender. He was fined $1 and costs and went to jail.

Miss Lizzie DeWald will entertain a pedro party at her home, on DeWald square, this evening, in honor of her sister, Mrs. James McDonald, of Chicago.

Joseph Ranner, aged twenty-one years, died at the home of his parents, No. 125 Wilt street, this morning, of Bright's disease. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon from the Cathedral.

Ralph Funk, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Funk, of St. Joe township, died yesterday morning of pneumonia. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock from the home.

Mrs. Libbie Klein, wife of Frederick Klein, died at her home, No. 120 Chicago street, at 8 o'clock last evening, of heart disease. The funeral will be held Saturday, at 2 o'clock, from the Grace Reformed church.

This month Manager Geary, of the World's museum, will give three benefits as follows: Friday, February 3, Red Men's Widows' and Orphans' fund; Wednesday, February 8, for widow of Car Inspector Bloetaker, who was killed on the Wabash railroad a few weeks ago, and February 15, Organ company's employes' sick fund.

Mrs. Anna Hageman, wife of Louis Hageman, of Root & Co., died yesterday afternoon at 4:30, after an illness of five months, with quick consumption. Deceased was aged twenty-eight years and four months and was the daughter of the Rev. C. Gross, of Emanuel's Lutheran church, and a sister of Mr. Otto Gross, the druggist, and of Mr. Martin Gross, of the electric company's office. Mrs. Hageman, besides her husband, leaves two children, and her death is very sad. She was highly esteemed, and her relatives have much sympathy in their great loss. The funeral will occur Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Emanuel's Lutheran church.

WHERE WOMAN REBELS.

She is Supreme in the Household Among Pueblo Indians.

The laws of the Pueblo are simple, but admirable, and are thoroughly enforced. Crime is practically unknown, and for occasional minor lapses the offender is induced to jail by a hand-cuff more civilized than our own, since it fits about the neck, and the culprit can neither be tortured by it, nor reach nor pull back upon his captors. The gentleness of officials and laymen is always notable. A resistor is never clubbed nor choked into acquiescence, but is overpowered without a scratch.

A drunken vagabond once shot a woman in Isleta and fled, says Scribner's Magazine. A posse with rifles pursued and soon overtook him. He intrenched himself and was ready to shoot the first who should come nearer. Instead of silencing him with a bullet, as there was perfect justice in doing, the Alguazil ordered him dislodged with stones. A deft throw stunned him and he was captured with one unimportant bruise. This is a typical case. The social cornerstone is not the family, but the clan. Husband and wife must belong to different gentes, and the children follow her clan. In other words, descent is from the mother and not from the father.

The Pueblo had invented woman's rights before any Caucasian acquired that social insomnia, and it remains one of his fundaments. He has never used his wife as a pack beast. He is not hen-pecked, but just, and even finds no shame in "toting" the baby upon his back all day when he has no more essential duty. The spheres of the sexes are clearly defined, but manfully. The woman is complete owner of the house and all it contains, save his personal trinkets, and she has no other work to do than housework, at which she is no sloven. Should her husband ill-treat her she could permanently evict him from home and would be upheld in so doing. The man tills the fields and they are his; but after the crops are housed she has equal voice in their disposition. The live stock is, of course, his, but he will seldom sell an animal without consulting his wife. The family relations are very beautiful.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Home Lodge No. 34, Free and Accepted Masons.

The funeral of the late Henry Kiefer, for many years the Tyler of this lodge, will be held under the auspices of Home lodge Friday, February 3, at 2 o'clock p. m., from the Baptist church. Meeting at the Temple at 1 o'clock. Conveyances to and from Lindenwood have been provided.

All Master Masons in good standing are fraternally invited. By order of

HENRY MOSSHURST, Master.

Attest:
THOMAS C. WARNER,
Secretary.

Flour Another Reduction.

This undoubtedly will be the last; no one would ever predicted Flour would sell so low as it is now. People well remember in 1866 and 1867 Flour sold up to $14.00 per barrel; today we offer it at $3.50 per barrel, or in other words you buy four barrels for the same price you paid for one barrel a few years ago.

Of course it will go up and that shortly and those who lay in a supply now will reap the benefit.

Griffs' or City Mills, Best Quality, either in Barrels or Sacks, $3.50 per Bbl.

FRUIT HOUSE.

The Bloomingdale mills are running night and day on account of the demand for their celebrated flour and in view of the fact that they have their entire plant supplied with incandescent lights, the power of which is furnished by their own dynamo, which they purchased especially for the purpose.

VARIOUS SOCIAL DOINGS

An Account of the Luncheons, Card Parties and Teas

Given in Honor of the Ladies Who are Visiting in the City—The Personal Gossip.

Mrs. Robert Johns left last evening for Titusville, Fla.

Mrs. H. T. DeWald has returned from a visit of several weeks with relatives in Peoria.

Miss Anna Collins has taken a position as assistant in the dental office of Dr. S. B. Brown.

The members of the 49th club will be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Guild this evening.

Miss Minnie Dillion, a popular violinist of Toledo, will be the guest of friends in this city next week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Landenberger and Mr. and Mrs. J. F. W. Meyer have returned from St. Louis, Mo.

Mr. John Curtis has returned from Indianapolis, where he was called by the illness of his mother, who is now recovering.

Miss DePew, of Van Wert, who has been visiting Mrs. Thomas Glenn, of the south side, has returned to her home.

Rev. Mr. Ed. McCluskey and bride have returned to Burlington, Ohio, after a pleasant visit with Mrs. Diffenderfer.

Invitations have been issued by Mr. Louis Heilbroner for a hop to be given at the Standard hall next Wednesday evening.

Mrs. J. S. McCurdy and little son, Leonard, left yesterday afternoon for Indianapolis to visit relatives for several weeks.

Rev. E. A. Allen, pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Decatur, Ind., has received a call to the Sixth Presbyterian church at Indianapolis.

Mrs. S. C. Lumbard gave a delightful 5 o'clock dinner Tuesday in honor of Mrs. H. Wickersham, of Lancaster, Pa., who is visiting in the city.

Yesterday Mrs. J. H. Bass entertained a few guests at luncheon at her beautiful suburban home in compliment to Mrs. Wickersham, of Lancaster, Pa.

A Missionary Tea will be given by the Women's Missionary society of the Berry street M. E. church today at the home of Mrs. George Brackenridge, 31 Douglas avenue. Tea will be served at 5:30.

Mrs. William Henderson, of Lancaster, Pa., is the guest of Mrs. H. Wickersham at the Wayne hotel. Mrs. Henderson will be better remembered in society as Miss Dora Wickersham, who visited Miss Jessie Hough in this city before her marriage and removal from this city.

The members of the T. C. C., a social club, which has been recently organized, are Misses Helen Treutman, Louise Raser, Madge and Mayie Jenkinson, Millie McLachlan, and Messrs. Charles Brackenridge, Clarence Heckman, Horace and Fred McCulloch and Stephen Treutman.

The Women's Reading club will meet Saturday afternoon at the home of Mrs. F. J. Hayden, on East Lewis street. The readers will be Mrs. W. H. Fleming and Mrs. A. D. Guild. At this meeting the readings on Egypt will be finished and next week the study of India will be taken up.

At the home of Miss Minnie Hagan, on East Wayne street, last evening, a jolly crowd of merrymakers gathered and had a very enjoyable time playing games and pulling taffy. Those present were Misses May McCann, Kate Burg, Lizzie Collins, and Messrs. Chas. Curtis, Ben Bottenberg, Ed. Boles and John Clay.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Caldwell gave a delightful pedro party a few evenings since. The first prizes were won by Mr. and Mrs. Will Freese, and the consolation prizes by Miss Edith Cothrell and Mr. Frank Tolan. The guests were Messrs. and Mesdames Payne, R. Van Fleet, W. Freese, F. Tolan, H. Wolf, Misses Etta and Edith Cothrell, Schlatter, Mary Abel, and Messrs. John Abel, Fred Smith, Cy Lose and Herbert Shorey.

The C. C. club held their regular meeting at the home of S. D. McNutt Wednesday evening and several new members were admitted. Those present were John Tieman, Jacob Ghering, Henry McNutt, Harry Olds, Fred Miller, Fred Meyers, Mr. and Mrs. Brumfield, Olive Brumfield, Norian McNutt, Magdaline Christie, Leona Marabal and Emma Oelschlager. The club has decided to give a private masquerade at the home of W. A. Brumfield, February 8.

Last evening Mr. and Mrs. Gregory Lauer entertained a number of young people at their home, 101 Maumee avenue, in honor of their daughter, Miss Kate Lauer. Cards, games and dancing were indulged in and highly enjoyed. At midnight lunch was served in courses. Those present were Misses Amelia and Olive Dillion, Anna and Lydia Horstman, Lizzie Rippe, Emma Schrage, Mary Kruck, Mamie Scharf, Messrs. George Lauer, Charles Matthews, Henry Miller, Michael Schram and Will Miller, of Sheldon, Ind.

Yesterday afternoon, Mrs. G. E. Bursley treated a few of her friends to a rare "feast of reason" at her lovely home in South Wayne, when Mrs. Clark Fairbank read a paper on the "Introduction of Christianity into Egypt." The subject was beautifully handled and as Mrs. Fairbanks is an excellent reader, it gave an added charm to the thoughts embodied. Chocolate and wafers were served at the conclusion of the reading and another pleasant hour or two spent in social conversation.

Another fall of snow and sleighing parties are again popular. The members of the Duo Decimo club are among the first to take advantage of the good sleighing. They left the city this morning for the McIntosh homestead, on the New Haven road, where dinner was served and partaken of with great relish. The members of the club are Mesdames E. L. Siver, D. L. Harding, A. Warriner, D. Creighton, Will Creighton, W. Hulze, M. Patterson, E. D. Rogers, Ira Rupert, J. W. Trainor, I. A. Diffenderfer.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Benoy, of Superior street, entertained friends very pleasantly last evening. Those present were Messrs. and Mesdames W. Hamilton, W. Blondoit, M. Kramer, A. Lipes, J. Bittner, J. Fredericks, McClellan, W. Link and Miss Lottie Kramer.

The gossips, who have, during the last few days, circulated the report that Ed Mommer, the Lafayette street barber, is shortly to be married, are informed that such is not the case. Ed announces that he will remain in the bachelor ranks, at least for some time to come.

Mr J. J. Studar, one of the clerks of Wolf & Co.'s dry goods store, was tendered a very enjoyable surprise last evening by a number of his friends. Those present were Messrs. and Mesdames James Frank Sordelet, Collinger Russell, Misses Emma Ebinger, Jessie Herbert, Lizzie and Callie Kley, Laura and Ella Donahue, Fannie Bennett, Leona Geary and Messrs. Sam Wolf, Henry Zurbach, Clem App, Gus. Goeke, Clem Weber, Frank Ebinger and Frank Fry.

Last evening Mr. George Ashley, the popular mail carrier, was completely surprised when a number of his friends took possession of his home and assisted in celebrating the thirty-ninth anniversary of his birth. Among the merry invaders were Messrs. and Mesdames B. A. Strawn, Conblin, Cunningham, C. Archer, A. Fitzsimmons, McColon, F. Purcell, Wm. Smith, M. M. Beals, D. Archer, W. Taylor, Chas. Haiber, Alex Steffy, Coverdale, Dr. Schell, Hurlburt, F. Pierce, Grieble, W. Haiber; Misses Olive Archer, Lulu Archer, Tillie Drager, Carrie Haiber, Fannie Hurlburt, Anna Pierce, Grace Kilpatrick; Messrs. G. Archer, B. Gorrell and others.

Mrs. W. H. Flemming and Miss Merica Hoagland entertained with a luncheon this afternoon at 1 o'clock in compliment to Mrs. H. Wickersham, of Lancaster, Pa. The guests were seated at one large table and the decorations were perfect. The soft light thrown from the pyramids of pink candles under pink shades on a profusion of pink carnations produced a very pleasing effect and gave a rosy hue to everything. The menu was excellent. The visiting guests were: Mrs. H. Wickersham, Mrs. William Henderson, of Lancaster, Pa.; Miss Rena North, of Philadelphia, Pa.; Miss Angie Wilson, of Cincinnati, Ohio. The other guests were Mrs. James Smith, Mrs. Harry Ninde, Miss Eva H. Nelson, Mrs. M. A. Brannon, Miss Helen Moffatt, Miss Louise Carnahan, Miss Jane Ninde.

The progressive pedro party given last evening by Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Rabus in honor of their guest, Miss Maud Clark, of Greenville, Mich., was a very pleasing social success. There were twelve tables and at the conclusion of the contest which was spirited and exciting, the first prizes were awarded to Miss Kate McDougal and Mr. Hugh McC. Bond. The consolation prizes were given to Miss Mame Evans and Mr. John Dougal. When the games were finished the the company had an excellent chance to rehearse their mistakes and misplays while partaking of a dainty collation. Among those present were Misses Maud Clark, of Greenville, Mich.; Miss May Grafflin, of Piqua, Ohio, and the Misses Bessie Baldwin, Constance and Georgia Lumbard, Constance Wilder, Charlotte Lowry, Alice Ward, Minnie Hoffman, Mame Evans, Kittie Hattersley, Linnie and Grace Mungen, Eva Nelson, Kate Beebe, Kate McDougal, Grace White, Annie Ward, Agnes Seabrease, Alice Woodworth, Susan Thompson, Mrs. Clara Bond-Pierce and Messrs. Ross McCulloch, J. Wallace Caswell, John Dougal, Hal Jose, Charles McDougal, Frank Keplinger, Noble Olds, John Hanna, Charles Muhler, Will Ninde, Ed. and Charles Woodworth, George and Charles Rabus, Robert Hanna, Hugh McC. Bond, Elbert Baldwin, Alex Seabrease, Rush Newton.

Mr. Steckman, of East Main street, will give a sleighing party this evening.

"I have been using Salvation Oil for backache, stiffness in the neck, and pain in the side and found it an excellent cure. I keep it constantly on hand. Chas. Haller, Union Hill, N. J."

Shaker Sauerkraut.

Another shipment from Philadelphia, nice and fresh, 17c Quart.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Fire Insurance.

The Insurance companies have made the co-insurance clause mandatory to take effect February 1, 1893, on all manufacturing, mercantile and special hazard risks under the jurisdiction of the Fort Wayne Board of Underwriters. There will be no advance in rates where the 80 per cent. co-insurance clause is used.

The assured have the option of the 70 per cent. clause by paying 10 per cent. additional.

60 per cent clause by paying 20 per cent. additional.

50 per cent. clause by paying 40 per cent. additional.

C. E. GRAVES, Secy. and Inspector,
Ft. Wayne Board of Underwriters.
1t3

Cigars at Nierman's Pharmacy.

CATHOLIC PRIESTS.

Some of Those Who Labored for the Church in the Early Days of Fort Wayne's History.

An interesting article on the early days of the Catholic church in Fort Wayne is published in a late number of the Catholic Record, of Indianapolis, from which we extract the following:

"Father Benoit was not the only priest that St. Francis Xavier furnished Fort Wayne in the infantile days of that municipality. In the spring of 1835, Rev. Simon P. Lalumiere was in Fort Wayne on a visitation of the diocese of Vincennes, as directed by Bishop Brute. On his return to Vincennes he reported to the bishop the prospective importance of that place, and that the Catholic population was rapidly increasing, composed principally of Germans, Irish and French. To serve them satisfactorily it was desirable that a priest speaking all three languages should be sent there.

Fortunately for Fort Wayne, it was possible to send such a priest in the person of Rev. Felix Mathew Ruff. He was born in the city of Metz, France, and was finely educated, and spoke all three of these languages. He had come to Vincennes before he had received the minor orders, and was prepared by Bishop Brute for the priesthood. He was sent to Fort Wayne by Bishop Brute in the fall of 1835. This was fortunate for Fort Wayne, and attracted to it many German and French emigrants, as it is well known that emigrants of these nationalities are reluctant to locate where they have not proper church facilities.

In 1835 Bishop Brute sent to Fort Wayne Rev. Louis Muller. He arrived there in August of that year, and remained until the 16th of April 1840. He was a German and was the first German priest who ever ministered to the Catholics of Fort Wayne.

In the fall of 1840 Bishop de la Hailandiere sent to Fort Wayne Rev. Joseph Hamion. He was a saintly young priest, who was ordained on August 16, 1840. He died at Logansport in the early part of 1842.

In 1842 Bishop de la Hailandiere sent to Fort Wayne Rev. Joseph Francis Rudolph. He was born in Alsace, France, April 23, 1813, and was ordained at Strasburg August 10, 1839. In 1841 he came to the diocese of Vincennes, and was sent to Fort Wayne as stated. He was afterwards transferred by that bishop to Oldenburg, where he labored continuously and successfully until his death May 29, 1866, and was buried beneath the sanctuary of the splendid church in Oldenburg, which was built during his ministry.

In 1846 the bishop sent Rev. Anthony Carius to Fort Wayne. This young priest was ordained March 7, 1846. He remained in Fort Wayne but a short time and was recalled by the bishop and sent to various places in the southern part of the diocese.

In the latter part of 1844 Bishop de la Hailandiere sent to Fort Wayne Rev. Alphonse Munschina. He was born in Strasburg, France, May 16, 1815, and came to this country in August, 1830. He was ordained in 1843. He remained here until November, 1846, when he was sent to the southern part of the state and was succeeded by Rev. Edward M. Faller, a Frenchman, who remained until 1849.

He organized the first separate German congregation in Fort Wayne, and was instrumental in having erected for the congregation which he organized St. Mary's church, and was its pastor. He was recalled by the bishop, and stationed at various places in the southern part of the diocese, first at New Albany, and then successively at Terre Haute, Cannelton, Tell City; and he is now the pastor of the Church of the Annunciation at New Albany. Unlike most Catholic priests, Father Fuller is wealthy; but he has liberally used his wealth, not in seeking pleasure or personal ease and comfort, but for the benefit of the church and religion. At Cannelton he made many valuable improvements for the benefit of the church, and paid for them out of his own private estate. At New Albany, he has become a very large contributor towards building a new church, and other buildings erected for the use of the congregation under his pastoral charge.

"I always let a cold go as it comes"—one says; which means that he overworks the system in getting rid of a cold rather than assist it by using Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

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Private Residence for Sale.

An eight-room dwelling house, in good repairs, situated on the lot corner Maiden Lane and Main street, owned by the Fort Wayne Saengerbund, will be sold cheap, as the place is to be occupied for a new building of the Saengerbund. For further information apply to Charles Braun, of Keller & Braun, No. 91 Pearl Street. 2-tf

At the reception of the Fort Wayne club on Friday night, it is requested that all carriages approach from the south and leave by the north, to avoid confusion. Mr. Henry Meyers will be in charge at the entrance, and the occupant of each carriage will be given a check, the number of which will correspond to a coupon given the driver. 1-3

Perfumes at Nierman's Pharmacy.

To the Public.

On February 1st I will organize another class in the study of the German Language at the Y. M. C. A. building. Those desiring to take up this study will find it to their interest to communicate with me, either by mail at No. 20 Wall street, or meet me on Tuesday and Thursday evenings at the Y. M. C. A. at 7:15 p. m. Respectfully,

13-tf PAUL T. HARRS.

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Attend the P. D. Q hop at Schroeder's hall February 6, 1893. 30 2 3 4

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between G. Schmidt and C. Schmidt, under the firm name of G. Schmidt & Bro., merchant tailors, No. 70 East Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, C. Schmidt retiring. G. Schmidt will continue the business having assumed all liabilities and is authorized to collect all accounts due said firm.

G. SCHMIDT.
113 C. SCHMIDT.

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Hominy Grits, 2 lb p'k'g's, 10c, 3 for 25c.
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Cracked Wheat, 2 lb pkgs, 13c, 2 for 25c.
Rolled Wheat, 2 lb pkgs, 12c, 9 for $1.00.
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